

SILWOOD TECHNOLOGY LTD Safyr Metadata Discovery Software



Safyr User Guide

SILWOOD TECHNOLOGY LIMITED Safyr User Guide – Safyr 8

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Introduction

Describes how to use this manual

This manual describes the various features of Safyr in detail and in particular the powerful features for exploring the metadata extracted from your chosen environment.

Where do I find what I need?

Installing and configuring

For information on installing and configuring Safyr, refer to the Safyr 'Getting Started Guide'. Safyr will need to be fully installed before you can attempt an extraction of metadata from your 'source' system.

Extracting metadata from the Enterprise Application

Once Safyr is installed and configured, an extraction of metadata needs to be carried out by connecting to the Enterprise Application you require (e.g. SAP, PeopleSoft...). The detailed steps for achieving this are described in the Safyr 'Getting Started Guide'.

Exploring the contents of the Safyr repository

Safyr's main purpose is to allow exploration of the data structures extracted from your environment and stored in the Safyr Repository. To understand the features available, refer to the chapter on Browsing Safyr metadata below.

Exporting metadata from Safyr into other environments

Having located particular data structures with the Safyr browsing interface, users may wish to export these data structures into other tools and formats. See the Chapter: 'Exporting metadata from Safyr' below for more details.

Task Automation with Safyr

Many of the main Safyr capabilities can be run unattended. An introduction to these features can be found in Appendix D of this manual, and full details are in the 'Safyr Task Automation Guide'.

Safyr manual set

There are three Safyr manuals supplied in Adobe Acrobat format (.pdf files) with the Safyr software.

- Getting Started Guide: Use this manual for details of product installation and an overview of Safyr features
- User Guide (this manual): Describes all of the Safyr functions in detail
- Task Automation Guide: Explains how to Automate features of Safyr like Extraction from the source Application.

The Repository Manager

Describes the features for creating and managing multiple sets of metadata in Safyr

The Safyr Repository Manager centralises all the features and functions related to creating, maintaining and managing one or more Safyr repositories. On starting Safyr, the Repository Manager form is displayed.

Frepository Manager		<u>×</u>
Please select a repository		
╱ *2 № & 🔊 ୬ ፁ ၄ & ?		
Repositories (0)		
Repository Details		
		^
4		
Open	Can	cel

The Repository Manager form

To open an existing Repository, select the appropriate entry from the list of repositories and click the 'Open' button.

Repository Manager toolbar

The options for managing and maintaining repositories are accessed from the toolbar.

Tool Button	Tool Button Name	For more details see	
1	Edit repository settings	Editing repository settings or creating a new repository	
*	Create a new repository	Editing repository settings or creating a new repository	
Ĩ	Copy a repository	Copying an existing repository definition	
8	Delete selected repository	Deleting a repository	
-	Create and populate demonstration	Importing a demonstration repository	
*	Import repository	Import/Export a repository	
€	Export repository	Import/Export a repository	
55	Repository Maintenance	Repository maintenance	
C.	Repository Inifile	The repository .ini file	
7	Start License Dialog	Safyr Licensing	

Editing repository settings or creating a new repository

Clicking the 'Edit Repository Settings' or 'Create New Repository' button displays a series of forms for configuring the Safyr repository and the connection to the 'source' system. See the Safyr 'Getting Started Guide' Chapter on Installation for details on how to complete the required information.

Copying an existing repository definition

Clicking the 'Copy a repository' button will copy the currently selected repository definition and automatically create a new set of definitions with 'Copy of' in front of the name.

Deleting a repository

Clicking the 'Delete selected repository' button will remove the entry from the available list of repositories. Please note that this only removes the entry from the list. The Safyr repository database and its contents will still exist.

Import/export a repository

The contents of a Safyr repository can be moved from one instance of Safyr to another using the repository import/export feature.

Import Repository

Clicking this button will display a form for selecting the import/export file. This is in the form of a 'zip' file and must have been produced from the Safyr Repository export process (see 'Export Repository' below). Locate the file and select it to begin the import process. Importing a repository will overwrite the previous contents of that repository. *Note: Do not unzip the repository import file. Safyr reads the file in its zipped format.*

Export Repository

Clicking this button will display a form for specifying the location of the export file. Enter an appropriate name and location and press the 'Save' button to proceed with the export process.

Repository maintenance

Clicking the Repository Maintenance button displays a form that controls the tasks involved in maintaining the structure of the tables in the Safyr Repository.

5 Safyr Repository Manager				\times
Operations				
Repository <u>Maintenance</u>	This process performs all necessary your repository up to date!	steps to	keep	
Create Repository	This process creates a new reposito	ry.		
Drop Repository	This process deletes the reposit	ory.		
			Clos	se 🛛

Repository Maintenance form

The Repository Maintenance form deals with the Creation, Deletion and Modification of the tables and other RDBMS objects in a Safyr repository. The process will appear automatically when configuring a new repository, or when upgrading from an older version of Safyr.

There are three buttons on the form:

- Repository Maintenance: Click this button to check the structure of the Safyr repository against the latest standard. This will typically be used when upgrading from an earlier Safyr release.
- Create Repository: Click this button to create the tables, views and triggers that form the structure of the Safyr repository.
- Drop Repository: Click this button to drop all the tables, views and triggers in an existing Safyr repository. Please note that this will delete the entire contents of the repository!

In each case, Safyr executes a set of SQL scripts to perform the required database tasks.

The repository .ini file

Safyr uses an .ini file to record details of each Repository created. In addition to this, a Microsoft Excel file is used to store a set of options used by Safyr. Appendix B of the Safyr 'Getting Started Guide' gives details on the structure and purpose of this Excel file.

The Repository Ini file button on the Repository Manager allows the location and name of the .ini file to be specified. By default the file is called safyr.ini and is located in \Users\<user name>\Appdata\Roaming\Silwood\Safyr7 for Windows 10. On clicking the button, a form is displayed which allows you to specify the name and location of the file. The SafyrSettings.xlsx file can also be located in the same folder as the .ini file.

Safyr Licensing

The licensing screen shows details of any existing product license, and enables the user to apply for a product license. The actual options shown will vary depending on how the product was purchased.

Importing a Demonstration Repository

Your Safyr product vendor may have provided one or more demonstration repositories to enable you to become familiar with the features of Safyr. These repositories are provided in the form of a SQLite database. Using this Import feature, Safyr will download the repository from the URL provided by your vendor and make the necessary setting for browsing and using the metadata.

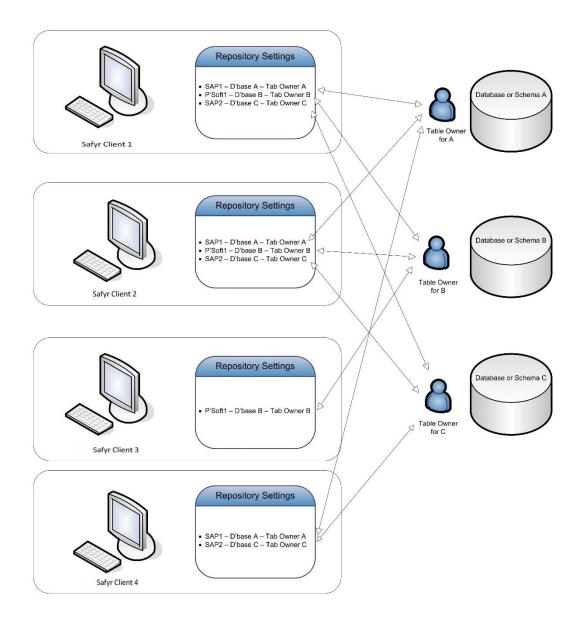
Managing Multiple Repositories

Most Safyr customers will use the product to extract and store multiple sets of metadata from their chosen ERP environment(s). This section describes how to achieve this.

Safyr needs a separate database or schema for each set of metadata to be stored. Each database will require a database user to be specified and this user must be the Table Owner for the database.

Each and every Safyr user wishing to share the metadata in a Safyr repository must specify the same database (or schema) and database user when defining a new Safyr repository within their local Safyr environment.

The following example shows a typical scenario; 4 Safyr users wanting to connect to a mixture of SAP and PeopleSoft systems. There are 3 databases (or schemas). Database A stores metadata from a SAP system, Database B metadata from a PeopleSoft system and Database C from another SAP system.



Safyr Client 1 has 3 Repositories defined:

- SAP1 pointing to Database A using Table Owner A as the database user
- PSoft1 pointing to Database B using Table Owner B as the database user
- SAP2 pointing to Database C using Table Owner C as the database user

Safyr Client 2 has the same 3 Repositories defined

Safyr Client 3 is only interested in the PeopleSoft system:

PSoft1 pointing to Database B using Table Owner B as the database user

Safyr Client 4 is only interested in the SAP systems:

- SAP1 pointing to Database A using Table Owner A as the database user
- SAP2 pointing to Database C using Table Owner C as the database user

Browsing the metadata in Safyr

A detailed description of the features for browsing the extracted metadata

Safyr's main purpose it to make the discovery and scoping of the extracted application metadata easy. This chapter describes the various features for exploration in detail.

The Safyr workspace

When the Safyr application is started, a list of available Repositories is displayed and after selecting the appropriate one, the Safyr toolbar and menu options provide the means to explore the metadata. The following sections describe the characteristics of the Safyr workspace.

Elements of the Safyr workspace

At the top of the Safyr window is the Menu system and the Toolbar. The options available from these are described in the sections below.

In the middle of the form are the Navigation tiles. These represent the most common Safyr tasks and are designed to guide new or infrequent Safyr users how to start accessing the products features. The Navigation feature is described in Chapter 3 of the Safyr Getting Started Guide. However, a summary of the features provided is also given in this chapter for convenience. See 'Safyr Navigation Tiles' below for more details.

At the bottom of the window is the status bar.

Start Repository Manager	Repository: ECC6	Type: SAP	Language: English
Safvr Status Bar			

The status bar is divided into 4 areas which are (from left to right) as follows:

- Micro Help displays a short description as the mouse is positioned over menu items and buttons
- Repository Identifier shows the name of the currently selected Safyr repository
- Repository Type identifies the type of the Safyr repository (e.g. SAP)
- Selected Language shows the language code that is being used for 'descriptive' fields like field names and table names.

The Safyr menus

The Safyr menu options are summarized in the following table. See the referenced section to find out more on each menu option.

Menu Item	For more details see
Repository Manager	The Repository Manager chapter
ERP Extract	Safyr Getting Started Guide : Extracting Metadata
Export Data Model as	Chapter: Exporting metadata from Safyr
Exit	
Subject Areas	'Subject Areas' in this chapter
Model Overview	'The Model Overview' in this chapter
Application Hierarchy	'The Application Hierarchy' in this chapter
Table Details	'Viewing Table Details' in this chapter
Table Relationships	'Viewing parent/child relationships' in this chapter
View Details	'Using the Overview to browse views' in this chapter
Source Data	'Drilling into data' in this chapter
Statistics	'Viewing Model Statistics' in this chapter
Multi Object Search	Multi-Object Search in this chapter
Safyr Options	'Safyr Options' in this chapter
Compare Subject Areas	Chapter: Comparing metadata
Show ERP Extract Log	'The ERP Extract Log' in this chapter
Show Export Log	'The Export Log' in this chapter
Open ER Diagrammer	See Chapter: Exporting metadata from Safyr for details of ER Diagrammer
Licensing	'Licensing Information' in this chapter
Cascade	
Tile Horizontally	
Tile Vertically	
Minimize All	
Close All	
User Guide	
About	
	Repository ManagerERP ExtractExport Data Model asExitSubject AreasModel OverviewApplication HierarchyTable DetailsTable RelationshipsView DetailsSource DataStatisticsMulti Object SearchSafyr OptionsCompare Subject AreasShow ERP Extract LogShow ERP Extract LogOpen ER DiagrammerLicensingCascadeTile HorizontallyTile VerticallyMinimize AllClose AllUser Guide

The Safyr toolbar

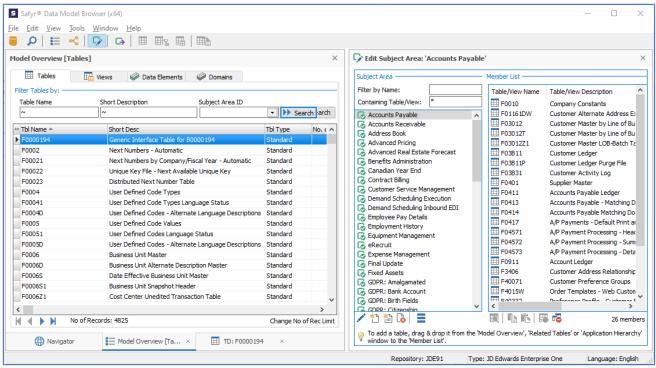
The Safyr Toolbar options are summarized in the following table. See the referenced section to find out more on each option.

Tool Button	Tool Button Name	For more details see
	Repository Manager	Chapter : The Repository Manager
2	Multi-Object Search	'Multi-Object Search' in this chapter
	Show Model Overview	'The Model Overview' in this chapter
	Show Application Hierarchy	'The Application Hierarchy' in this chapter
\$	Edit Subject Areas	'Subject Areas' in this chapter
G	Start Export Wizard	Chapter: Exporting metadata from Safyr
	Show Table Details	'Viewing Table Details' below
₩Z	Show Table Relationships	'Viewing parent/child relationships' in this chapter
	Show View Details	'Using the Overview to browse views' in this chapter
	Drill into Source Data	'Drilling into data' in this chapter

Safyr and Docked Forms

The Safyr workspace uses a Docked forms approach. The Navigation Screen, Model Overview and Table/View Details forms are presented in the main work space, with a tab at the bottom of the screen for each window.

Other forms such as the Application Hierarchy and Subject Area Editor are docked to the side of the main work area. (See 'Safyr options' below for details of how to control the position of the Docking Area).



Safyr Docked Forms

Forms in the main work area (those with a tab at the bottom), can be undocked by dragging the tab up into the main work space.

The Docked forms on the side of the Safyr work area can only be undocked when the 'Enhanced Docking Mode' option is enabled (See 'Safyr options' below for details of this option).

Safyr Navigation Tiles

These are a set of clickable tiles that represent the most regularly used product features.

Extract from ERP			
	Load the Data into your Repository		
Scope			
Multi-Object Search	Show List of Tables	Show Hierarchy	Group Tables into Subject Areas
R			
Deliver			
Export Subject Are	eas to 3rd Party Tools	Compare Subject Areas	

Safyr Navigation Tiles

The workflow typically used in Safyr is composed of three phases: 'Discover, Scope and Deliver'.

Discover

• This is the process of extracting the metadata from the 'source' ERP system

Scope

This area encompasses the main activities of searching and sub-setting tables using Safyr. There are 4 tiles:

- Multi-Object Search a facility for searching across a range of object types
- Show List of Tables display the Safyr Model Overview screen to allow querying on Tables
- Show Hierarchy display the Application Hierarchy
- Group Tables by Subject Area show the Subject Area editor for grouping tables

Deliver

This covers the capability for exporting Subject Areas. There are 2 tiles:

- Export Subject Areas to 3rd party Tools export Subject Area contents to a range of formats
- Compare Subject Areas compare contents of two Subject Areas to determine differences

All of the capabilities on the navigation screen are also available from the Safyr menu and/or icon bar.

The following table shows where to find more details on these features.

Tile Category	Tile	For more details see
Discover	Extract from ERP	The Getting Started Guide Chapter: Extracting Metadata
Scope	Multi-Object Search	Multi-Object Search in this chapter
	Show List of Tables	The Model Overview in this chapter
	Show Hierarchy	The Application Hierarchy in this chapter
	Group Tables into Subject Areas	Subject Areas in this chapter
Deliver	Export Subject Areas to 3 rd Party Tools	Chapter: Exporting Metadata from Safyr
	Compare Subject Areas	Chapter: Comparing metadata

Safyr options

The Safyr Options form is displayed by selecting 'Safyr Options' from the 'Tools' menu. The available options are:

- Ask before closing application When checked 'on', you will be asked to confirm that you wish to exit when closing Safyr down. When not checked, Safyr will close down without the confirmation form.
- Show Navigator When checked 'on', the Navigation Tiles screen will be displayed when entering Safyr
- Safyr Logo visible for [sec] The Safyr logo is displayed at startup. Select the number of seconds that the logo is to be displayed for
- Enhanced Docking Mode Gives greater flexibility in positioning of the Safyr forms.
- Position of Tool Docking Area Allows the location of docked forms to be determined. Possible values are 'Left' and 'Right'.
- Repository Definition file Use this to specify the location of the Safyr 'ini' file.
- Repository Language Where the extraction of metadata has been performed in more than one language, this option allows the selection of the language for displaying language-dependent data such as attribute and table names.
- Proxy Settings Where Safyr is communicating with a 'source' system or exporting to another application that requires a Proxy to be used, the relevant proxy settings . should be entered here.

Safyr Options	×
General	
Ask before closing the application:	2
Show Last Extract DateTime in Statusbar:	2
Safyr Logo visible for [sec]:	2
Enhanced Docking Mode:	
Position of Tool Docking Area:	Right 🗸
Repository	
Repository Definition File (Ini File) :	
1	
Active Repository Language: E - Er	nglish 🗸 🗸
Proxy Settings	
Server:	Port:
Username:	
Password:	
	Ok Cancel

Safyr Options form

Licensing Information

Safyr needs an appropriate licensing key, not only to enable the product usage, but to determine which product features are enabled. Safyr is distributed via a number of licensing systems. Please contact your Safyr software provider for more details of licensing options.

Browsing the metadata

There are two main 'entry points' for Browsing the metadata:

- The Model Overview this displays a list of tables, views or domains in the repository. You can use search facilities to refine the list. For more details see 'The Model Overview' below.
- The Application Hierarchy this shows the tables and views organised by Application Module. For more details see 'The Application Hierarchy' later in this chapter.

The Model Overview

The Model Overview form is displayed by clicking in the Safyr toolbar or selecting 'Model Overview' from the 'View' menu, or by clicking the 'Show List of Tables' tile on the Navigation screen.

Clicking the Search button will return a list of all the tables in the Safyr repository.

Tables	🗄 Views 🛛 🧼 Data Elements	Domains								
ilter Tables by:										
Table Name	Short Description	Subject Area ID		Table Typ	e					
~	~	=	\sim	=	~	Search				Advanced Search
Tbl Name	△ Short Desc		Tbl Ty	/pe	No. of Child Tbls	No. of Paren	t Tbls Row Count	Me	tadata Changed	
KLSIBESART	Collateral Valuation Contro	Туре	Trans	sparent	2	2	0	5 01	/07/2010 03:44:51	
KLSIBESARTT	Text Table for KLSIBESART		Trans	sparent	C)	3	10 01	/07/2010 07:19:49	
KLSIFDUMK	Definition of Required/Opti	onal Fields for EDT of Collate	Trans	sparent	C)	0	52 15	/09/2012 19:26:48	
KLSIPRIO	Collateral Priority		Trans	sparent	4	1	1	0 01	/07/2010 00:53:20	
KLSIPRIOT	Text Table for Collateral Pr	iority	Trans	sparent	C)	3	0 01	/07/2010 03:44:51	
KLTAGENDSF	Selection Filter for End-of-	Day Processing	Trans	sparent	3	3	1	0 01	/07/2010 03:44:52	
KLTAGENDSF1	Table for View Maintenance	e for End-of-Day Processing	Trans	sparent	C)	2	0 01	/07/2010 07:19:49	
KLTAGENDSFT	Text Table for KLTAGENDS	F	Trans	parent	C)	3	0 01	/07/2010 07:19:50	
KLTERMFIND	Date Determination Rules		Trans	sparent	1	1	0	20 01	/07/2010 17:17:56	
KLTERMFINDT	Text Table for KLTERMFIN)	Trans	sparent	C)	1	0 01	/07/2010 17:06:09	
KLXAKT	Global Settings for Default	Risk and Limit System	Trans	sparent	0)	1	5 01	/07/2010 00:53:20	
KLXCMRT	CM Data for Risk Objects D	erived from Cash Manageme	Trans	sparent	C)	5	0 15	/09/2012 17:51:28	
KLZUEXTOBJ	Assignment of External Ad	ministration Key to Object Nu	Trans	sparent	0)	1	0 01	/07/2010 07:19:50	
KMKPF	FI: Account Assignment Mo	odel Header Information	Trans	sparent	C)	4	0 15	/09/2012 19:26:49	
KMZEI	FI: Account Assignment Mo	odel Item Information	Trans	sparent	C)	31	0 16	/09/2012 04:10:09	
KNA1	General Data in Customer I	Master	Trans	sparent	847	7	51	98 16	/09/2012 04:01:32	
KNAS	Customer master (VAT reg	stration numbers general sec	Trans	sparent	C)	3	0 16	/09/2012 04:10:11	
KNAT	Customer Master Record (Tax Groupings)	Trans	sparent	C)	3	0 16	/09/2012 04:10:12	
KNB1	Customer Master (Compan	y Code)	Trans	sparent	15	5	25	84 16	/09/2012 04:23:04	
KNB4	Customer Payment History		Trans	sparent	0)	3	2 16	/09/2012 04:10:13	
KNB5	Customer master (dunning	data)	Trans	sparent	C)	7	74 16	/09/2012 04:08:51	
KNBK	Customer Master (Bank De	tails)	Trans	sparent	0)	3	29 16	/09/2012 04:08:52	
🔹 🕨 🕨 No of I	Records: 98921								Cha	ange No of Rec Lin

The Model Overview form

For each table, the following fields are displayed:

- **Table Name:** The 'physical' table name.
- Short Desc: The 'logical' name.
- Tbl Type: Possible values are Custom, Standard, TRANSP (Transparent), POOL or CLUSTER. TRANSP, POOL and CLUSTER are only applicable to SAP systems. Custom is only applicable to Salesforce systems. There are other values for SAP BW systems (see 'Special Product Features for BW' below for more details).
- **No. of Child Tbls:** The number of related 'child' tables.
- No. of Parent Tbls: The number of related 'parent' tables.
- **Row Count:** The number of rows in the table. See 'How Safyr determines the Row Count' below
- Metadata Changed: The data and time that the Table was created/updated is shown for SAP, Siebel, Oracle EBS and PeopleSoft systems. For Salesforce systems, this is only available for custom tables and

attributes, therefore the Metadata Changed is set where a custom Table and/or attribute is defined, and the latest date/time of any contained field is used as the value.

Below the grid are a set of controls for moving through the result set.

	No of Records: 3054	Change No of Rec Limit
--	---------------------	------------------------

From left to right these will:

- Move to the first record in the result set
- Move to the previous record in the result set
- Move to the next record in the result set
- Move to the last record in the result set

The total number of rows in the result set is displayed next to 'No of Records'. By default, there is a limit to the number of records that are retrieved of 2,500. This limit can be changed by clicking the 'Change No of Rec Limit'. Setting this to zero means there is no limit to the number of returned records.

If the actual number of rows available is higher than the Record Limit set, the words 'Limit Exceeded!' are displayed beside the 'No of Records'.

How Safyr determines the Row Count

The Safyr Row Count shows the number of rows in each table. The row count is obtained from the database statistics and can only be evaluated correctly if:

- the database user specified in the connection properties to the source ERP system (see Chapter : Overview of Safyr Workflow in the Getting Started Guide for details of connecting to the source ERP) has access to the DBMS statistics (note: for a SAP system, access to statistics is via ABAP)
- the database statistics are processed (normally such a process is scheduled on the DBMS system)

Safyr only provides the row count feature for ERPS based on Oracle, SQL Server, DB2 and HANA, and for Sybase ASE where the ERP system is SAP. Other platforms will result in the Row Count being set to '-1'.

If the statistics are unavailable or the Table does not exist in the physical database, the Row Count for the table will be set to '-1'.

Note: Safyr does not currently extract Row Counts for a Microsoft Dynamics AX 2012 system.

For a SAP system, the meaning of the Row Count will depend on the SAP table Type.

- Transparent Tables The Row Count will indicate the actual number of Rows in the table
- Pool Tables The Row Count will show only that there is data or not in the table. Pool tables with data will have the Row Count set to 1. Tables without data will have the Row Count set to zero.
- Cluster Tables The Row Count will show the actual number of rows in the 'physical' table that stores the Cluster table. Therefore, each Cluster table that resides in a given physical table will show the same number of rows.

Special Considerations for SAP and Siebel Systems

The row count capability of Safyr takes no account of multiple systems that may exist in the same 'source' ERP system. SAP (via the MANDT – Client approach) and Siebel (via the Repository approach) permit several parallel systems to be stored within the same database. For example, within one Siebel system there might be a 'Standard' repository and a 'Custom' repository. Because the row count capability of Safyr is based upon the physical row count in the system catalog, the resulting row count for a given table will reflect all rows, regardless of which of the rows belongs to which Repository.

Opening additional Model Overview windows

Multiple 'Model Overview' forms can be opened. Each window functions separately allowing a number of different object lists to be displayed concurrently.

Seeing View, Data Element and Domain information

The Model Overview can be switched between Table, View, Data Element and Domain display using the tabs above the form. See 'Using the Overview to browse Views', 'Using the Overview to browse Data Elements' and 'Using the Overview to browse Domains' later in this chapter for more details.

Selecting tables in the Model Overview

The four fields above the table list can be used for selecting tables from the full list.

Table Name	Short Description	Subject Area ID	Table Type
~	N	= ~	= V Search
a such Oritaria			

Search Criteria

The Start Select button uses the entered selection criteria to search for a matching table set.

Each of the four fields is preceded by a ^{the} button which allows the type of search criteria to be specified.

Clicking this button reveals a set of searching options.

~	Like
ļ~	Not Like
=	Equal
\diamond	Not Equal
>	Greater
>=	Greater or Equal
<	Less
<=	Less or Equal
Ν	NULL
!N	Not NULL

The meaning of each of these buttons is described in the table below.

Butto	What Does it Do?
	Wild Card Search - find rows starting with or containing the specified string
ļ~	Negated Wild Card Search - find all rows not containing the specified string
=	Exact Match - find rows exactly matching the specified string
\diamond	Negated Match - any rows exactly matching the specified string are excluded
>	Greater than - finds all rows greater than the specified string in the collating sequence
>=	Greater than or equal to - find all rows greater than or equal to the specified string in the collating sequence
<	Less than - finds all rows less than the specified string in the collating sequence
<=	Less than or equal to - finds all rows less than or equal to the specified string in the collating sequence
N	Null search - finds all rows containing Null value
!N	Not Null search - finds all rows containing a Not Null value

Safyr search types

The default search type is \sim - Wild Card Search. This will probably satisfy most of the normal searching requirements.

The three search fields are: -

•	Table Name:	The physical name of the table
•	Short Description:	The descriptive name for the table
•	Subject Area ID:	The id of the Subject Area (see 'Subject Areas' later in this chapter for more details of subject areas)
•	Table Type:	The table type. This will vary by type of source system

To select tables

- Enter the selection criteria for the desired tables
- Click the 'Search' button.

The set of tables satisfying the criteria will then be displayed.

Using Advanced Search

The selection criteria described in the previous section cover most of the day-to-to-day queries. The Advanced Search button Advanced Search displays a form allowing for more flexible search capabilities. This is particularly useful when searching for a given field occurrence.

The form consists of three tabs: 'Standard Filter', 'Search for Field Patterns' and 'Extended Filter'.

Filter Tables by	Filter Tables by X							
Standard Filter Se	arch for Field Patterns Extended Filter							
Table Name	~							
Short Description ~								
Table Type	Physical Tbl Name ~ _							
No. of Parent Tbls	>= No. of Child Tbls >= Row Count >=							
Long Description	~							
Tech Description	~							
Metadata Changed	>=							
Contains Fields with:								
Field Name	N							
Short Description	N							
Data Elmnt Name	= Domain Name =							
Long Description	~							
Tech Description	~							
Subject Area:								
in								
not in								
Clear Filter	Ok Cancel							

Advanced Search form

The Standard Sections tab includes a range of search fields, including Field Name, Short Description and Long Description. These are described below.

The search options are grouped into 3 different areas:

Table related search criteria:

- Table Name: Enter a Table Name or partial Table Name
- Short Description: Enter a Short Description or partial Short Description
- Table Type: use the drop down list to choose Transparent, SAP Pool or SAP Cluster. The latter two are only relevant to an SAP system
- Physical Table Name: Enter a Table Name or partial Table Name. This is the name of the actual Table in the underlying ERP database
- No of Parent Tables: Enter the desired number of 'Parent' tables
- No of Child Tables: Enter the desired number of 'Child' tables
- Row Count: Enter the desired number of rows in the table
- Long Description: Enter a string to be located within the Table Long Description
- Metadata Changed: Select a date/time

Field (or Column) related search criteria:

- Field Name: Enter a Field Name or partial Field Name
- Short Description: Enter a Short Description or partial Short Description
- Data Element Name: Enter a Data Element Name or Partial Name
- Domain Name: Enter a Domain Name or Partial Name
- Long Description: Enter a string to be located within the Field Long Description (Note: In the case of a SAP system, the Long Descriptions are held at the Data Element level, not at the Field level, and so a search for a string within the Long Description will not return any results.)

Subject Area related search criteria:

- in: Enter the Subject Area name containing the tables to be searched
- not in: Enter the Subject Area name containing the tables not to be included in the search

Having entered the appropriate search conditions, click 'OK' to perform the actual search.

Clicking the 'Clear Filter' button will remove any search terms in any of the search screens.

BROWSING THE METADATA IN SAFYR

Filter Tables by				×
Standard Filter Sea	arch for Field Pattern	ns Extended	Filter	
Field Name	Position	Key Flag	Data Element Name	
~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		= ? = ? = ? = ? = ?	= = = = = =	
Clear Filter			Ok	Cancel

Advanced Search - Search for Field Patterns

The 'Search for Field Patterns' form allows for combinations of fields and field characteristics to be used as search criteria.

The available options are:

- Field Name: Enter a Field Name or Partial Field Name
- Position: Use the scroll bar to select the actual numeric position of the field in the table
- Key Flag: toggle between Key Field ('X'), Not Key Field ('empty') or Wild Card ('?')
- Data Element Name: Enter a Data Element Name or Partial Name

Having entered the appropriate search conditions, click 'OK' to perform the actual search.

Clicking the 'Clear Filter' button will remove any search terms in any of the search screens.

The 'Extended Filter' form has features for entering multiple selection criteria in one query.

Standard Filter Se	earch for Field Pattern	s Extended Fil	ter			
Enter Multiple Search	Criteria:					
+ Tbl Name	Short Desc	Tbl Type	No. of Par	No. of Chi Ro	w Count	*
~ A*	~	=	>=	>=	>=	
* ~ X*	~	=	<=	<=	<=	
						-

Extended Filter

This form can then be used to enter search criteria, similar to those described for the 'Standard Filter' form. However, multiple search criteria can be entered by adding additional lines to the search. Lines are added by using the 'Down Arrow Key'.

The following example shows a query that looks for tables starting with an 'A' or a 'T' and having Parent relationships between 1 and 10 'child' tables.

Enter Multip	le Search Cr	iteria:				
+ Tbl Name		Short Desc	Tbl Type	No. of Parent Tbls	No. of Chi	Row Cou
~ A*		~	=	>= 1	>=	
∬ ~ T*		~	=	<= 10	<=	

Example with multiple selection lines

Sorting columns in data mode

The data can be sorted on any of the available columns by clicking on the field heading.

The current sort field is denoted by a sort	Tbl Name 🔺	icon	next	to	the	name	of	the	sorted
column.									

An inverted sort Tbl Name icon denotes a column sorted in descending order.

Clearing Search Criteria in the Model Overview

When search criteria have been entered, either in the Model Overview screen, or using the 'Advanced Search', a indicates that there are search criteria active, and by clicking this button, all search criteria will be cleared. The button is only visible when search criteria are present.

F	ilter Tables by:				
	Table Name	Short Description	Subject Area ID	Table Type	
	~	N	= ~	= ~	🕨 Search 🗙
				L	

The Clear Search Criteria button

Viewing table details

Full details of a given table can be displayed by double clicking on the row for that table in the Table list. This opens the Table Details window. Alternatively, Right Mouse Click on the highlighted table and select 'Table Details' from the pop-up menu.

Note: It is possible to open a number of separate table details windows.

When the Table Details form is opened a list of fields is displayed for that table. Other table information can be displayed from this form using the Buttons on the left-hand side of the form.

The default display format shows details of each field in the table. To the left of each field icon \blacksquare there may be an additional icon. This can be: -

- The Field is part of the Table's Primary Key
- The Field is part of the Primary Key and also a Foreign Key
- The Field is a Foreign Key field

As each field is selected, further information about that field is shown in the tabbed display to the right. There are three levels of information about each field: The Field Details, the Data Element for that field and the Domain to which the Data Element belongs. The three levels can be displayed by clicking on the appropriate tab.

Table [)etails: KNA1 (General D)ata in Customer Ma	ste	r		×
	Table-Info	III Fie	elds 🛛 👗 Relatio	onsh	ips 🗄 Indexe	s	
Fields	Field Filter	0			Field Details		_
Fieldn	ame	Posit	Fieldtext /	•	Field Name:	TELFX	٦l
2	MANDT	1	Client		Short Desc:	Fax Number	ゴ
	KUNNR	2	Customer		Posit:	12 Key Flag: N Mandatory: N	-
2 💷	LAND1	3	Country				
	NAME1	4	Name		Parent Table/Field:	t	
	NAME2	5	Name 2		Data Element		_
	ORT01	6	City				
	PSTLZ	7	Postal Code		Data Element Name:	TELFX 1	·
	REGIO	8	Region		Short Desc:	Fax Number	
	SORTL	9	Search term				
	STRAS	10	Street	<	Domain Info		_
	TELF1	11	Telephone 1		Domain Name:	TEXT31	
	TELFX	12	Fax Number		Short Desc:	Text length 31	– I
	XCPDK	13	One-time account				
	ADRNR	14	Address		Data Type / ERP:	String / CHAR Length: 31 Decimals: 0	
	MCOD1	15	Name		Entity Table:	t	
	MCOD2	16	Name 2				
	MCOD3	17	City		Descriptions (T = teo	chnical description) —	_
	ANRED	19	Title		Field Field	ld (T) Data Element Data Elem. (T) Domain Domain (T)	
	AUFSD	20	Central order block	<	Number under which	a business partner's telefax machine can be reached.	
	BAHNE	21	Express station		Number under which	a business paruler's teletax machine can be reached.	
	BAHNS	22	Train station			by the system if you send a message by telefax to your business partner from within an SAP	
	BBBNR	23	Int. location no. 1		transaction.		
		24	Int. location no. 2		You are entering an	order and want to send the order confirmation to your business partner by telefax. As the	
	BEGRU	25	Authorization Group		print option, you cho	oose output via telefax. The system determines the number of your business partner's telefax	
	BRSCH	26	Industry		machine from his acc	count number. This fax number then appears as a default.	
	BUBKZ	27	Check digit				
	DATLT	28	Data line				
	ERDAT	29	Created on				
	ERNAM	30	Created by	-			
<			>			~	8

Displaying Field Details

At the top of the Field list is a Field Filter option. This can be used to reduce the list of fields displayed by entering a search string. Any fields matching that search string will then be displayed. The Field Filter search operates on the Fieldname, Posit and Fieldtext attributes.

Table Details: KNA1 General Data in Customer Master										
🛄 Table-In	fo 🎹 i	Fields								
Fields location	n C	3								
Fieldname	Posit	Fieldtext								
BBBNR	23	Int. locat	ion no. 1							
BBSNR	24	Int. locat	ion no. 2							
	41	Location (ode							
ALC	155	Agency L	ocation							

Field Filter in operation showing reduced set of Fields

The Table Information tab ^{Table-Info} will show details including the descriptive name of the Table and any Views based on the table.

	1 General Data in (ustomor Master	
Table Details: KNAJ	I General Data in G	ustomer master	
III Table-Info	Fields	📥 Relationships	E Indexes
Table-Info			
Table Name:	KNA1		
Short Description:	General Data in Custo	mer Master	
Table Type:	Transparent		
Physical Tbl Name:			
No of Parent Tbls:	51	No of child Tbls: 847	7 Row Count: 98
Long Description:			
Tech Description:			
Table Links			
Table used in Vie	2141		
Table used in vie			
View Type	View Na	me	Short Descr 🛆
DB View	/BEV1/L/	AKUNAG_V	Loading Agenda - Sold-To Party
DB View	V_013_0	CONPAT_REC	Location Partner Receiver
DB View	V_013_0	CONPAT_SUP	Location Partner Supplier
DB View	V_OIJ_C	CONPAT	Location Partner Vendor or Customer
DB View	V_OIJ_C	CONPAT_SD	Location Partner Vendor or Customer for SD documents
DB View	VHB_INT	rc	Maintenance view for "sold to party" for canceled sales!
DB View	U_25669	Ð	Maintenance partner - customer
DB View	/BEV3/C	HBPARTOBJ	Objects in Partner Agreement

Table Information

Details of a given view can be displayed by double-clicking the view name. This will display the View details form. See 'Showing the View fields' later in this chapter for more details.

The control gives the following options:

Menu	Usage or For more details see
Add Table <name> to a New Subject Area/Subject Area <name></name></name>	Adds the Table to a new Subject Area, or the currently open Subject Area
Find Table in	Locates the Table in the Application Hierarchy. See 'Finding a table in Application Hierarchy' below
Show Table Relationship form	The related 'parent' and 'child' tables form will be displayed. See 'Viewing parent/child relationships' in this chapter for details.

Index details

Clicking on the index tab E Indexes displays a list of indexes for the currently selected table.

III Table-Info	🎹 Fields 🛛 🟯 Re	lationships 🗄 Ind	exes			
idexes		Index Details				
ndex	Fields					
🗄 PK\$	MANDT, KUNNR	Index Name:	MCD			
001	MANDT, CONFS	Type:	Inversion Entry			
A	MANDT, SORTL	Index Items:	Fieldname	Fieldtext	Sort	
FIS	MANDT, FISKN		MANDT	Client	Asc	
E ILN	BBBNR, BBSNR, B		MCOD1	Name	Asc	
MC3	MANDT, MCOD3		MCOD2	Name 2	Asc	
B MCD	MANDT, MCOD1,		MCOD3	City	Asc	
PLZ Z	MANDT, PSTLZ MANDT, LAND 1				Prior.	

Viewing Index Information

Clicking on an index in the list displays the field components of that index in the box to the right.

Relationship details

Clicking on the Relations tab Relationships reveals a list of all the relationships between the current table and any 'parent' tables.

Note: This will only find relationships where the current table in the Tables Details is a 'child'. To find both parent and child relationships see 'Viewing parent/child relationships' later in this chapter.

Table Details: KNA1 General Data in Customer Master											×
III Table-In	nfo	Eields	📥 Relati	onsh	ips 📑 In	ndexes	s				
Relationships	Ralations	ship Filter 🛛 🛞			Relationship Deta	ails —					
Relationships	Posit	Fieldtext	Pare '	^	Type:	Ī	Non Identifying]			
A MANDT	1	Client	тооо		Cardinality:	Ī	Zero, one or more	1			
LAND1	3	Country	T005		Origin	ľ	ERP	í			
REGIO	8	Region	T005S		Parent Table	1	KNA1 General Data in Custom		Master		_
AUFSD	20	Central order block	TVAST			Ľ	KNAT General Data in Custom	ner i	Master		±
🗛 BRSCH	26	Industry	T016		Long Desc:						<u>^</u>
🕂 FAKSD	32	Billing block	TVFS								
- FISKN	33	Fiscal address	KNA1								
KNAZK	34	Working times	TFACE								\sim
📥 KNRZA	35	Alternative payer	KNA1	<	Tech Desc:	Ī					\sim
KTOKD	37	Account group	T077D								
🕂 KUKLA	38	Customer classific.	TKUKL								
LIFNR	39	Vendor	LFA1								~
LIFSD	40	Delivery block	TVLS			L					
A NIELS	45	Nielsen indicator	TNLS		Parent				Child		
COUNC	49	County code	T005E								
CITYC	50	City code	T005G		Fieldname	Field	dtext		Fieldname	Fieldtext	
SPRAS	53	Language Key	T002	<	MANDT	Clier	nt		MANDT	Client	
LZONE	62	Transportation z	TZONE		III KUNNR	Cus	tomer		🖽 KNRZA	Alternative p	
	64	Trading Partner	T880								
GFORM	71	Legal status	TVGF								
BRAN1	72	Industry Code 1	TBRC								
🕂 BRAN2	73	Industry code 2	TBRC								
🕂 BRAN3	74	Industry code 3	TBRC								
🕂 BRAN4	75	Industry code 4	TBRC								
🕂 BRAN5	76	Industry code 5	TBRC								
EKONT	77	Initial contact	VBUK	~							
<			>								

Relationship details

Clicking on a particular relationship will show the fields participating in the relationship at bottom right for both the 'child' and 'parent' table, along with more information about the relationship at top right.

The 'Parent Table' field in the top right panel shows the Parent table for the selected relationship. Clicking on the *i* icon to the right of this field can be used to display details of the 'parent' table in the relationship.

At the top of the Relationships list is a Relationship Filter option. This can be used to reduce the list of relationships displayed by entering a search string. Any relationships matching that search string will then be displayed. The Relationship Filter search operates on the Relationship Field, Posit, Fieldtext and Parent Table attributes.

Viewing parent/child relationships

From the Model Overview with a table selected, clicking on the Est tool from the toolbar, or selecting the 'Table Relationships' option from the View menu will display the Table Relationships form.

Relationships for Ta	ole:	
KNA1		Only with Data
Parent Tables	(51)	all relationships
++ Table Name 🔺	Short Desc	
/VSO/R_DPOINT	Collective Unloading Point for VSO	
BUSTYPE	Type of Business	
FMFGT_ALC	Agency Location Code - U.S. Federal Government	
FMFGT_PO	Payment Office - U.S. Federal Government	
INDUSTYPE	Type of Industry	
J_1AFITP	Tax Types	
J_1ATODC	Type of identification	
J_1BATL1	Tax Law ICMS	
J_1BATL2	Tax Law IPI	- 11 - 12 - 24 - 24 - 24 - 24 - 24 - 24
J_1BATL2	Tax Law IPI	all relationships
J_1BATL2 Table Details Child Tables Table Name	Tax Law IPI (847) Short Desc	all relationships
J_1BATL2	847) Short Desc Customer Empties Stock per Month	all relationships
J_1BATL2 Table Details child Tables ↔ Table Name ▲ /BEV1/EMLGBSD /BEV1/EMLGBWD	847) Short Desc Customer Empties Stock per Month K Customer Empties Movement - Lock Object	all relationships
J_1BATL2 Table Details Child Tables ↔ Table Name ← /BEV1/EMLGBSD /BEV1/EMLGBWD /BEV1/EMLGBWD	847) Short Desc Customer Empties Stock per Month K Customer Empties Movement - Lock Object P Empties Movement Account Customer	all relationships
J_1BATL2 J_1BATL2 Table Details ⇔ Table Name ▲ /BEV1/EMLGBSD /BEV1/EMLGBWD /BEV1/EMLGBWD /BEV1/EMLGFAD	847) Short Desc Customer Empties Stock per Month K Customer Empties Movement - Lock Object P Empties Movement Account Customer Empties Movement - Customer Billing Status	all relationships
J_1BATL2 J_1BATL2 Table Details ⇔ Table Name ▲ → /BEV1/EMLGBSD /BEV1/EMLGBWD /BEV1/EMLGBWD /BEV1/EMLGFAD /BEV1/EMLGFS	847) Short Desc Customer Empties Stock per Month K Customer Empties Movement - Lock Object P Empties Movement Account Customer Empties Movement - Customer Billing Status Empties - Billing Document Without Update	all relationships
J_1BATL2 J_1BATL2 Table Details ⇔ Table Name ▲ /BEV1/EMLGBSD /BEV1/EMLGBWD /BEV1/EMLGBWD /BEV1/EMLGFAD	847) Short Desc Customer Empties Stock per Month K Customer Empties Movement - Lock Object P Empties Movement Account Customer Empties Movement - Customer Billing Status Empties - Billing Document Without Update	all relationships
J_1BATL2 J_1BATL2 Table Details → Table Name ▲ → Table Name A → Table Na	Tax Law IPI 847) Short Desc Customer Empties Stock per Month K Customer Empties Stock per Month K Customer Empties Movement - Lock Object P Empties Movement Account Customer Empties Movement - Customer Billing Status Empties - Billing Document Without Update IE Shipping: Standard Dates Loading Places	all relationships
J_1BATL2 J_1BATL2 Table Details → Table Name ▲ → /BEV1/EMLGBSD /BEV1/EMLGBWD /BEV1/EMLGFAD /BEV1/EMLGFAD /BEV1/LATERMIN /BEV1/LATERMIN /BEV1/LAZEITF	847) Short Desc Customer Empties Stock per Month K Customer Empties Movement - Lock Object P Empties Movement Account Customer Empties Movement - Customer Billing Status Empties - Billing Document Without Update E Shipping: Standard Dates Loading Places Shipping: Loading Agenda	all relationships
J_1BATL2 J_1BATL2 Table Details → Table Name ▲ /BEV1/EMLGBSD /BEV1/EMLGBWD /BEV1/EMLGBWD /BEV1/EMLGFAD /BEV1/LATERMIN /BEV1/LATERMIN /BEV1/LAZEITF /BEV1/RBBO	847) Short Desc Customer Empties Stock per Month K Customer Empties Movement - Lock Object P Empties Movement Account Customer Empties Movement - Customer Billing Status Empties - Billing Document Without Update E Shipping: Standard Dates Loading Places Shipping: Loading Agenda Customer Master Data Rebate Processing	all relationships

Table Relationships form

This form is split into two sections: The top section shows a list of tables that have a 'parent' relationship to the currently selected table in the model overview. This means that each of the parent tables contributes a foreign key to that table. The bottom section shows a list of tables that have a 'child' relationship to the currently selected table in the model overview. This means that each of the child tables receives a foreign key from that table.

The total number of tables is shown in brackets at the top of each section.

The 'only with data' checkbox can be used to reduce the 'parent' and 'child' table lists to only those with a 'Row Count' greater than zero.

The list of 'parent' and 'child' tables displayed can also be refined using the drop-down lists for each section. The available choices are shown in the table below.

All relationships	All relationships are displayed
Identifying relationships	Only relationships where the migrated primary key is part of the receiving table's primary key are displayed
Non-identifying mandatory relationships	Only relationships where the migrated primary key is not part of the receiving table's primary key, and the parent is mandatory, are displayed
Non-identifying optional relationships	Only relationships where the migrated primary key is not part of the receiving table's primary key, and the parent is optional, are displayed

Full details of any of the tables shown in the 'parent' or 'child' area can be displayed by doubleclicking on the table. This uses the Table Details form to show the structure of the selected table (see 'Viewing table details' earlier in this chapter.)

Using the Overview to browse Views

Safyr can display details of application Views in a similar manner to the way it shows base tables in the Model Overview. (Note: There are no Views available in Safyr for PeopleSoft Enterprise or Oracle E-Business Suite applications).

To display a list of views in the Model Overview, click on the ^{IIII} Views</sup> tab and then click the Search button.

View Type	View Name	Short Description Subject Area ID	Advanced Search
		∼ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
View Type	View Name	△ Short Desc	Metadata Changed
DB View	V_BUTNXTCHK	Define Next Check Period	15/02/2018 09:30:22
DB View	V_BUTREGSYS_REM	RFC Connection of the Dependent System	30/03/2016 13:05:52
DB View	V_BUTRELCHK	Register Relationship Categories	30/03/2016 13:05:24
DB View	V_BUTROLECHK	Register Business Partner Roles	30/03/2016 13:05:24
DB View	V_BUVERSION	Budgeting versions	29/05/2013 15:00:43
DB View	V_BUVORGA	Assignment Rules for Budgeting Process いん	25/02/2015 17:48:04
DB View	V_BUWRTTP	Assignment Rules for Value Type	03/06/2003 17:06:53
DB View	V_BW_ADVERT	BW Advertisement Attributes	25/03/2003 16:39:41
DB View	V_BW_EMCONT	table view for emergency contact name	25/02/2015 17:15:26
DB View	V_BW_PA0001_ENM	BW: Texts for Employee/Person	25/02/2015 19:06:14
DB View	V_BW_PA0002_ID	BW: Attribute, Personnel ID	25/02/2015 17:15:26
DB View	V_BW_PA0016	BW: Attributes, Contract Elements	25/02/2015 17:48:04
DB View	V_BW_PA0022	BW: Attribute Education and Training	25/02/2015 17:15:26
DB View	V_BW_PA0077	BW: Attributes, Additional Person Data	28/05/2015 15:40:00
DB View	V_BW_PA0105_USER	BW: Attribute, SAP User Name	25/02/2015 17:15:26
DB View	V_BW_PB0001_ANM	BW: Texts for Applicant	25/02/2015 19:06:14
DB View	V_BW_RCINSTRUM	BW Recruitment Instrument Attributes	25/03/2003 16:39:45
DB View	V_BW_T001P	BW: Texts for Personnel Subarea	25/03/2003 16:39:45
DB View	V_BW_T002T	BW: Texts for Language	29/05/2013 15:00:37
DB View	V BW T005T	BW: Texts for Nationality	01/06/2015 10:38:30

Model Overview: Views

The View list is similar in usage and appearance to the base table list in the Model Overview.

Available fields in the View List include: -

- View Type Some ERPs have more than one type for most this will be a Database View
- View Name The internal Name for the View
- Short Desc. The Business Name for the View
- Metadata Changed This field is currently only available for SAP systems. The data and time that the View was created/updated is shown

Showing the View fields

Double clicking on the view will show full details of the selected view.

View l	Details: U	_1231	19 Bill of exchan	ge usage m	axim	um amount		×
	View-In	fo	Fields					
Field	s Field F	ilter	\odot			Field Details		_
View	/ Field	P	Fieldtext	Refe		View Field:	WVERW	
	IANDT	1	Client	T045D		Short Desc:	Bill/Exchange Usage	=
	UKRS	2	Company Code	T045D		View Field Type:	to Table Posit: 5	
	IBKID	3	House Bank	T045D				
	IKTID	4	Account ID	T045D		Table Name:	T045D Available amounts for bill of exchange presentation	4
	VVERW	5	Bill/Exchange U	T045D		Field Name:	WVERW	
	AUFZ VAERS	6	Remaining Term	T045D				
	ETRE	7 8	Currency Planned amounts	T045D T045D		Data Element		-
	AKNR	9	G/L account	T045D	<	Data Elmnt Name:	WVERW_045D	a I
		2	0,2 0000.00			Short Desc:	Bill/Exchange Usage	-
						Descriptions (T = t	echnical description)	-
						Field Fi	eld (T) Data Element Data Elem. (T)	
						Type of bill of eych	ange usage for which an amount is available. This differentiation should	
							ole, amounts available for discount from being used for collection.	\sim
					<			
								\checkmark

View Details

This is very similar in content and purpose to the base table details form (see 'Viewing Table Details' earlier in this chapter).

View Elements Information

Clicking on the view info button ^{III} View-Info reveals more details of the view and a list of the Base tables on which the view is based.

View Details: U_123	19 Bill of exchan	ge usage maximum amount	×
Uiew-Info	III Fields		
View-Info			
View Type:	DB View		
	U_12319		
	Bill of exchange usag	ne maximum amount	
	Bill of exchange usag		
Long Description:	[]		
			\sim
Tech Description:			~
			\sim
Composed of	Table/View Name	Short Desc	
Table or View:	1045D	Available amounts for bill of exchange pre	

View Information

Double clicking on one of the 'component' Table Names will open the Table Details Window for that base table (see 'Viewing table details' earlier in this chapter).

Using the Overview to browse Data Elements

Clicking on the ^{Clata Elements} tab on the Model Overview form displays a list of available Data Elements. Initially the list is empty; pressing the 'Search' button retrieves a full list of Data Elements.

III Tables	Views 🧼 Data Elements 🛛 💞 Domains				
ter Data Element by:					
ata Element Name	Short Description				
~	~ Search 🗙				
Data Elmnt Name 🔺	Short Desc	^	Data Elmnt Name	HOEHE_TTMM	_
HOART	Origin object		Data Elmint Name		_
HOCHA	College Type		Short Desc	Technical height	=
HOCHART	Extrapolation type				1
HOCHT	College Text		Domain Name	GROESSETMM	-
HOCON	Part-time work hours		Long Desc	Height specification for technical size to a	1
HOEHE	Height			thousandth of a millimeter.	
HOEHE_DEH	Default Height UOM			This field is used to transfer the dimensions of	
HOEHE_I	Actual height			an ad spec using the IS-M/AM interfaces.	
HOEHE_ITMM	Actual Height				
HOEHE_S	Planned height				
HOEHE_SEH	Height Unit of Meas.				
HOEHE_T	Tech. height				
HOEHE_TTMM	Technical height		Tech Desc		í.,
HOEHE_VER	Clearable height		TechDesc		
HOEHEBEH	Height of container		>		
HOEHEFZ	Height of vehicle				
HOEHETMEH	Hgt Unit of Measure				
HOEHETMOT	Sub Ad Spec Height				
HOEKORR	Altitude corr. pres.				
HOKRU_DTEL	Data Element				
HOLCL	Leave for calculating pension insurance				
HOLD_DATA	Stop Data				

Model Overview: Data Elements

Clicking on a Data Element in the list box on the left reveals full details of that Data Element on the right of the form.

The search facilities at the top of the form are similar in function to those for Base Tables and described in Selecting Tables in the Model Overview above.

Searching for tables using a Data Element

This feature finds all the tables using a specified Data Element.

From the 'Model Overview Data Element' form, right mouse clicking on a Data Element reveals a pop-up menu showing 'Find Tables using DataElement'. When selecting this, a search is initiated to find all Tables containing Fields that belong to the chosen Data Element.

Note: This feature sets the 'Data Element' field in the Search parameters (see 'Using Advanced Search' above) to the selected Data Element. It is advisable to clear this field after completing the search to prevent further searches from including this setting.

Using the Overview to browse Domains

Clicking on the Clicking on the Model Overview form displays a list of available Domains. Initially the list is empty; pressing the 'Search' button retrieves a full list of Domains.

	Views 🧼 Data Elements	🧼 Do	mains							
ilter Domains by: Domain Name	Short Description									
N	~ *value*		earch 🗙							
			Datatype ERP	Length	Decimals		^	Domain I	Name	/BEV3/CHBKERWWRT
/BEV1/BO_INDIRECT Fixed	d Values for F4 Help Direct/Indire	-	CHAR	1		0				
/BEV1/CAPOPUP Flag	When Dialog Box Appears, See F	String	CHAR	1		0		Short De		PC: Value expected for concatenation w
/BEV1/EMMW Dom	ain for Indicator Quantity/Value	String	CHAR	1		0				
/BEV1/RBERRVTX Batc	h Input Table /BEV1/RBPA Param	String	CHAR	100		0		Data Ty	pe	String
/BEV1/RBKWERT Cond	lition value	String	CHAR	19		0		Datatyp	e ERP	CHAR.
/BEV1/RBVAT Adju	st Value-Added Tax for Rebate S	String	CHAR	1		0		Length		1 Decimals
/BEV1/RBWERT Field	Value	String	CHAR	30		0		Entity Ta	able	
/BEV1/TSUMC3_8 NUM	C3 1 to 998 for Internal Use of I	Number as	NUMC	3		0		· ·		
/BEV2/EDDFWERT Value	e of Print Format Item	String	CHAR	30		0	ľ	Domain	Values	
/BEV2/EDDFWERTK Value	e of a Print Format Item Column I	String	CHAR	30		0		Key	Short	Desc
/BEV2/EDDFWTYP Value	e Type of a Print Format Item	String	CHAR	4		0		1	Extra	Sales Expected
/BEV2/EDPREISP Tax/	Customs Value of Each Item	Number	CURR	17		5		2	Sales	Shortfall Expected
/BEV2/EDSTEUERWE Tax	Value Determination	String	CHAR	3		0		3	Extra	Sales Expected
/BEV3/CHALUE Gene	eral Value	String	CHAR	32		0		4	Sales	Shortfall Expected
/BEV3/CHBASISDATL Value	e date: Basic value date	Number as	NUMC	4		0	×	•		
/BEV3/CHBDSTRATE Value	e Date: Basic Date Strategy	Number as	NUMC	4		0				
/BEV3/CHBKERWWR PC: \	/alue expected for concatenatio	String	CHAR	1		0				
/BEV3/CHCDP_ANLV Cum	ulative asset value	Number	CURR	13		2				
/BEV3/CHOBJLBWT Obje	ct Performance Participation Valu	Number	CURR	12		2				
/BEV3/CHVALUE Value	e for Settings	String	CHAR	30		0				
/BEV3/CHWSDIENST Value	e date: Value date service	Number as	NUMC	4		0				
/BEV3/CHWSECKDAT Value	e date: Key value date	Number as	NUMC	4		0	~			
A No of Re	cords: 3523					Change No of Rec	Limit			

Clicking on a Domain in the list box on the left reveals full details of that domain on the right of the form.

The search facilities at the top of the form are similar in function to those for Base Tables and described in Selecting Tables in the Model Overview above.

Where a Domain has associated 'fixed' values, these are shown in the panel at bottom right as Domain values.

Searching for tables using a Domain

This feature finds all the tables using a specified Domain.

From the 'Model Overview Domains' form, Right Mouse Clicking on a Domain reveals a pop-up menu showing 'Find Tables using Domain'. When selecting this, a search is initiated to find all Tables containing Fields that belong to the chosen Domain type.

Note: This feature sets the 'Domain' field in the Search parameters (see 'Using Advanced Search' above) to the selected Domain. It is advisable to clear this field after completing the search to prevent further searches from including this setting.

The Model Overview context pop-up menu

Right Mouse Clicking on a row in the Model Overview will display the Model Overview context pop-up menu.

Table Details Table Relationships
Add table 'KNA1' to Subject Area 'GDPR Veteran Fields' (all fields) Add table 'KNA1' to Subject Area 'GDPR Veteran Fields' (only marked fields) Display Subject Areas that contain table 'KNA1' Select All
Find Table in •
Drill into Source Data Export Source Data Export Source Data (Full Selection)
Export Table-List to File or Clipboard (1 item)
Create SQL Scripts

Pop-up menu on right mouse click

The available options are summarized in the following table:

Menu	Usage or For more details see
Table Details	'Viewing Table Details' in this chapter
Table Relationships	'Viewing parent/child relationships' in this chapter
Add Table <name> to Subject Area <name> (all fields)</name></name>	Adds the currently selected Table to the currently open Subject Area, with all the fields of each table
Add Table <name> to Subject Area <name> (only marked fields)</name></name>	Adds the currently selected Table to the currently open Subject Area, with only the marked fields
Display Subject Areas that contain Table <name></name>	Opens the Subject Area editor and filters the view to those Subject Areas containing the table

Select All	Selects all the tables in the current list
Find Table in	See 'Finding a table in Application Hierarchy' below
Drill into Source Data	'Drilling into data' in this chapter
Export Source Data	'Exporting data from a single table' in this chapter
Export Source Data (Full Selection)	'Export of a number of tables' in this chapter
Export table List	'Exporting a list of tables' in this chapter
Create SQL Scripts	'Creating SQL scripts for table access' in this chapter

Finding a table in the Application Hierarchy

This option, when selected from the Model Overview context menu, will show a list of one or more available Hierarchies in which to search for the table or view. Once the desired Hierarchy has been selected, the Hierarchy is opened at the appropriate table or view. This allows the selected object to be seen in context to its position in the hierarchy.

For more details of Application Hierarchy see 'The Application Hierarchy' in the next section.

The Application Hierarchy

The Application Hierarchy is an alternative way of looking at the contents of the Safyr repository. The same set of Tables and/or Views seen in the Model Overview are organised in a 'tree' structure. Depending on the Enterprise Application being viewed, there may be more than one 'Tree' to choose between.

Click the < icon on the Safyr toolbar, click 'Application Hierarchy' from the 'View' menu, or click on 'Show Hierarchy' on the Safyr Navigation tiles to display the Application Hierarchy screen. If there is more than one type of Hierarchy available for the currently selected Enterprise Application, the 'Tree' drop-down list box will show the possible choices.

RP Hierarchy	×
SAP Program Tree	ρ
V E AC / Accounting - General (ApplComp)	^
> 📲 AC-COB / Coding Block (ApplComp)	
> 📲 AC-INT / Accounting Interface (ApplComp)	
> 📲 ARBW / Asset Accounting (Reporting): Link to BW (DevClass)	
FAGL_CLOCO_WD / Closing Cockpit Web Dynpro Applications (DevClass)	
> FB_CLOSING / Closing (DevClass)	
> 📲 KPEP_WORKLISTS_CO / Worklist in Schedule Manager: CO-Specifi (DevClass)	
> 📲 OP00 / Non-HR components of Organizational Management (DevClass)	
> 📲 OPOC / Organizational Management for Enterprise Structure (DevClass)	
> I PI_UGMD / Master Data Framework Plug-In Components (DevClass)	
> ·· E AP / Application Platform (ApplComp)	
> BC / Basis Components (ApplComp)	
> BW / SAP Business Information Warehouse (ApplComp)	
> - CA / Cross-Application Components (ApplComp)	
CO / Controlling (ApplComp)	
> - [= /ERP/FCOM_PLANNING_CORE_CONT / Planning Content (DevClass)	
> - [/KYK/FIN_CO / Controlling (DevClass)	
COAS / CO: Attribute Assignment Service (DevClass)	
COAS_BAPI / BAPIs for Attribute Service (FuncGroup)	
COAS_ATTR_VALUES / Attribute Values	
COAS_REFERENCES / References in Attribute Service	
COAS_EXTENSION / Document Extension in Attribute Service (FuncGroup)	
COAS_VIEW / Extended Table Maintenance (Generated) (FuncGroup)	
> Te COINT_ERR / Cockpit for Controlling Integration (DevClass)	
> 📲 CO-OM / Overhead Cost Controlling (ApplComp)	
> E CO-PA / Profitability Analysis (ApplComp)	
> E CO-PC / Product Cost Controlling (ApplComp)	
CRMCO_COSTING / Integration CRM/CO: Cost Estimate (DevClass)	
CRMCO_ERR / CRM/CO Integration: Controlling Cockpit (DevClass)	
CRMCO_IS / Developments Information System Controlling Conne (DevClass)	
CRMCO_PERCL / Single-Object Controlling in CRM: Period-End C (DevClass)	
> - DM_QRP / APO Reporting Points (DevClass)	
DM_STPC / Short-Term Production Costs for DI (DevClass) The Application Hierarchy	 Y

on Hierarchy

The set of highest-level tree nodes correspond to the various modules within the Enterprise Application.

Various icons are used in the hierarchy as follows:

- a module or a sub-module
- a Table
- 🛅 a View
- a Package (SAP only) or a Business Object (Siebel only)
- a Function Group (SAP only)
- a Program (SAP only) or a Screen (Siebel only)
- a Transaction (SAP only) or a View (Siebel only)
- a Business Component (Siebel only)
- an OLTP Source (SAP only)
- " a SAP Function Module (SAP Only)

Available actions from the Hierarchy

There are two icons on the Application Hierarchy screen:

- Search for 'objects' in the Hierarchy
- Perform Actions on the currently selected node

Clicking the 'Search' icon Presents a pop-up menu. The available options on this menu are context-dependent.

Server Hierarchy	×
SAP Program Tree	ح ≣
AC / Accounting - General (ApplComp)	Search in Hierarchy
> - 🚰 AC-COB / Coding Block (ApplComp)	Search in Branch 'AC / Accounting - General'
> 🗄 AC-INT / Accounting Interface (ApplComp)	
> 📲 ARBW / Asset Accounting (Reporting): Link to B	
FAGL_CLOCO_WD / Closing Cockpit Web Dynpr	o Applications (DevClass)
FB_CLOSING / Closing (DevClass)	
> 📲 KPEP_WORKLISTS_CO / Worklist in Schedule M	anager: CO-Specifi (DevClass)
> 📲 OP00 / Non-HR components of Organizational N	1anagement (DevClass)

Search menu from Application Hierarchy

The available actions are:

Search in Hierarchy: - This displays a form for searching the entire hierarchy. See 'Searching for tables and views' and 'Searching Tree Nodes' below.

Search in Branch <branch name>: - This displays a form for searching within the currently selected hierarchy branch. See 'Searching for tables and views' and 'Searching Tree Nodes' below.

Clicking the 'Tools' icon e or Right Mouse Clicking in the Hierarchy presents a pop-up menu. The available options on this menu are context-dependent.

RP Hierarchy	×
SAP Program Tree	9 ≣
🗸 📲 AC / Accounting - General (ApplComp)	~
> 📲 AC-COB / Coding Block (ApplComp)	
> 📲 AC-INT / Accounting Interface (ApplComp)	
ARBW / Asset Accounting (Reporting): Link to BW (DevClass)	
ARBW / FI-AA <-> BW Connection (FuncGroup)	
AFVC / Operation within an order	
ANEX / Asset Line Items for Proportional Values	
Show Table Info	
Add Table to a 'New Subject Area'	
Display Subject Areas that contain Table 'ANEK / Document Header Asset Posting'	
Expand Sub Tree	
DALTICK / Application log: log neater	
BWFIAA_AEDAT_TR / FIAA-BW: New and Modified Transactions for Delta Upload	
CSKS / Cost Center Master Data	
MLST / Milestone	

Tools menu from Application Hierarchy

Show Table/View Info - This option is only available if the current selected node is a table or a view. It shows the details of the selected table or view. See 'Viewing Table Details' and 'Showing the View fields' earlier in this chapter for more details.

Show Table Relationships – This option is only available if the current selected node is a table. The related 'parent' and 'child' tables form will be displayed. See 'Viewing parent/child relationships' earlier in this chapter for details.

Add all Tables and Views of <node> to subject area <subject area name> - This option is only available if the 'Subject Area' form is open. (See 'Subject Areas' later in this chapter). All the tables and/or views belonging to the node are added to the current subject area.

Add all Tables of <node> to subject area <subject area name> - This option is only available if the 'Subject Area' form is open. (See 'Subject Areas' later in this chapter). All the tables and/or views belonging to the node are added to the current subject area.

Add all Views of <node> to subject area <subject area name> - This option is only available if the 'Subject Area' form is open. (See 'Subject Areas' later in this chapter). All the tables and/or views belonging to the node are added to the current subject area.

Export Branch <Node Name> to File...The currently selected Node, and its 'child' Nodes, will be exported to a text file format. After selecting this option, a File selection dialog is presented to specify the location of the text file.

Export Entire Hierarchy to File...The complete Hierarchy will be exported to a text file format. After selecting this option, a File selection dialog is presented to specify the location of the text file.

Expand Sub Tree – opens the currently selected node.

Searching for tables and views in the Application Hierarchy

Clicking the 'Search in Hierarchy' or 'Search in Branch' options in the Application Hierarchy popup menu displays the 'Search' form. This has three tabs; the first two are for searching for Tables and Views respectively. Both features work in the same way and the 'Search for a Table' option will be used here to describe the functionality.

Search in 'SAP Program	Tree'	
Search for:		
Table	/iew Tree Node	
Table Name ~ Short Description ~		Clear
Found Items: 0		
Found Item	Path within the Hierarchy	
•	III	4

Search Tables feature

To find the location of a table in the application hierarchy, or currently selected node, enter the 'physical' Table Name or 'descriptive' Short Description string and click the 'Search' button. A list of matching tables will then be displayed.

Note that the Table Name and Text search fields have the same searching options as described above for the Model Overview (see 'Selecting Tables in the Model Overview').

Search in 'SAP Program Tree'		
Search for:		
Table View Tree Node		
Table Name ~		Search
Short Description ~ *customer*		🗙 Clear
Found Items: 311		
Found Item	Path within the Hierarchy	*
🛄 Current Account Master Data: Customer Appends	IS-B / Bank Components IS-B-DP / Transaction Data Pool JBD / Application	development IS-B D
🛄 Current Account Master Data: Customer Appends	IS-B / Bank Components IS-B-BCA / Bank Customer Accounts FKBT / Bank G	Customer Account:
E Current Account Master Data: Customer Appends	IS-B / Bank Components IS-B-BCA / Bank Customer Accounts FKBK_CORR_	RECEIVER / Corres
Current Account Master Data: Customer Appends	IS-B / Bank Components IS-B-BCA / Bank Customer Accounts IS-B-BCA-MD	/ Master Data FKI
🖽 Current Account Master Data: Customer Appends	IS-B / Bank Components IS-B-BCA / Bank Customer Accounts IS-B-BCA-MD	/ Master Data FKI
E Current Account Master Data: Customer Appends	IS-B / Bank Components IS-B-BCA / Bank Customer Accounts IS-B-BCA-MD	/ Master Data FKI 😓
₹	III	▶

Table Search -result

Once the search is complete, double-clicking on an item in the search results will position the Application Hierarchy at that point.

CRP Hierarchy		×
SAP Program Tree	Search in 'SAP Program Tree' - X	≣ ₽
SAP Program Tree > *** EBPP_CHECK_NOTIFY / Checks for Notification (Functor) > *** EBPP_EVENTLOG / Log for FSCM Biller Direct (Functor) > *** EBPP_EVENTLOG / Log for FSCM Biller Direct (Functor) > *** EBPP_EVENTLOG / Log for FSCM Biller Direct (Functor) > *** EBPP_EVENTLOG / Log for FSCM Biller Direct (Functor) > *** EBPP_REC_INV / Extended Table Maintenance (Generat) > *** EBPP_SCREEN / Extended Table Maintenance (Generat) > *** EBPP_STATUSVIEWS / Extended Table Maintenance (Generat) > *** EBPP_TATUSVIEWS / Extended Table Maintenance (Generat) > *** EBPP_TATUSVIEWS / Extended Table Maintenance (Generat) > *** FI_APAR_ADDRESSES / Address Functions of AP/AR > *** FI_APAR_ADDRESSES / Address Functions of AP/AR > *** FIN_BUSA_MASTER / Master Data of the Business P > *** FIN_BUSA_MASTER / Master Data of the Business P > *** FIN_BUSA_MASTER / Master Data of the Business P > *** ISREBPP / Function Modules for ISR Scenarios (FuncGorup) > **** ISREBPP / Function Modules for ISR Scenarios (FuncGorup) > ******** ISREBPP / Exc_INV (Program REBPP_LOG_CUSU)	Table View Tree Node Table Name ~	

Using the Search Tables result to locate a table in the Hierarchy

Searching Tree Nodes in the Application Hierarchy

Clicking the 'Search in Hierarchy' or 'Search in Branch' options in the Application Hierarchy popup menu displays the 'Search' form. This has three tabs, the first two are for searching for Tables and Views, and the third tab for searching Tree Nodes.

Clicking the 'for a	Tree Node' tab dis	splavs the 'Search	for a Tree Node' form.

Search in 'SAP Program Tr	ree'	
Search for:		
Table Vie	ew Tree Node	
Treenode Class ID		O Search
Short Description ~		X Clear
Found Items: 0		
Found Item	Path within the Hierarchy	
		•

Search Tree Node form

To find nodes in the application hierarchy, enter a search string in the 'Short Description', and optionally select a Tree node class from the drop-down list. The Tree Node classes available in the list are dependent on the Enterprise Application selected. Clicking the 'Search' button will display a list of matching nodes.

Having arrived at a list of items for the search performed, double clicking on an item in the list will locate that item in the Hierarchy.

What does the Application Hierarchy show for each ERP?

As mentioned above, the actual structure of the Application Hierarchy is dependent on which ERP is shown within Safyr. This section describes the ERP-specific 'objects' available.

Note: There is currently no Application Hierarchy in Safyr for a Salesforce or Microsoft Dynamics AX 2012 system.

Application Hierarchies for SAP

There are three Application Hierarchies created in Safyr for SAP. These are:

SAP ApplComp/Package Tree This tree shows Table and Views grouped by Application Component and SAP Package. An important point to understand is that the location of a Table or View in a tree node is related to which component the table was originally allocated when it was created. That is, a table will only belong to one node in the tree.

Note: For a SAP MDG system, the ApplComp/Package Tree shows MDG Data Models and the Tables belonging to those models.

SAP Program Tree This tree shows Table and Views grouped by Application Component, Program, Function Group and/or Transaction. A SAP transaction is associated with a Program or Function Group. The Tables and Views are shown in the hierarchy associated with the Program or Function Group that *uses* them. So searching for a given Transaction will locate the Program/Function Group associated with that Transaction, and then the Table/Views used by that Program/Function Group are grouped below that Program/Function Group.

OLTP Source Tree Suite This tree shows the OLTP Sources that are called to populate SAP BW with data. Tables and Views are grouped by Application Component, Package, Function Group and Function Module. There are two types of OLTP Sources:

- OLTP Source (F*) These are Extractors Suite that use a SAP Function Module to perform the data access
- OLTP Source(V) These are Extractors that use a Table or View as the source for the data access

Note: For a SAP BW system, see Chapter : Special Product Features for SAP BW.

Application Hierarchies for Siebel

There are two Application Hierarchies created in Safyr for Siebel. These are:

Siebel Application and Business Objects This tree shows Siebel Applications, and for each Application the Business Objects associated with that Application. Each Business Object is associated with a set of Business Components which form the next level of the hierarchy.

Siebel Application, Screens and Views This tree shows Siebel Applications at the top level, and for each Application the associated Screens, then Views and for each View the Business Components associated with that View.

Application Hierarchies for PeopleSoft Enterprise

PeopleSoft Application Tree This tree shows PeopleSoft Applications, and for each Application the Tables associated with that Application. The Application is based upon the Object Owner Id of each Table.

Application Hierarchies for PeopleSoft EnterpriseOne (JDEdwards)

JDEdwards System Code Tree This tree shows JDEdwards tables grouped by System Code. The System Code comes from the JDEdwards Table definition.

Application Hierarchies for Oracle Enterprise Business Suite

EBS Application Tree This tree shows Oracle EBS tables grouped by Application. The Application Id comes from the EBS Table definition.

Application Hierarchies for SuccessFactors

Application Tree This tree shows SuccessFactors tables grouped by Application. The Application Id comes from the Tags associated with a Table in the OData XML file.

Multi-Object Search

The concept of the Multi-Object search is to allow the user to get an overview of what metadata is available for a given 'object'.

This is achieved by performing a text search across a set of 'object' types and returns a result list in a 'tree' format for further discovery and analysis.

The object types searched are Tables, Data Elements, Domains, Views and the Application Hierarchy.

Description Multi Object Search	×
Search for: Search Max Rows: 0 (0=all):	■

Multi-Object Search

The wild card of '*' used elsewhere in the product applies to the Multi-Object Search.

To start the search process, enter a search term in the 'Search for:' box. The number of results returned for each object type can be restricted by setting the 'Max Rows' box to a numeric value. Entering zero will return all results matching the search term.

Search for: *customer payment* Max Rows: 0 (0=all):	=
 Tables (7) BID/EOFIAR_C50 / Customer Payment History (Replicated) /BID/FOFIAR_C50 / Customer Payment History (Replicated) /BID/FOFIAR_C50 / Customer Payment History (Replicated) /BIC/B0000575000 / PSA for OFI_AR_50 FASCLNT210 Customer Payment His ERPD_WEC_CU_PAYM / Customer Payment Methods (Web Channel) KNB4 / Customer Payment History T691P / Customer payment guarantee procedure T691Q / Description of customer payment guarantee procedure T691Q / Description of customer payment guarantee procedure Wiews (4) ENT2062 / Customer Payment History (DB View) ENT2233 / Customer payment (DB View) ENT2233 / Customer payment - posting - profit/loss - ex. rate diff. (DB View) V_T691P / Maintain customer payment guarantee procedures (DB View) DataElements (0) Domains (0) Tree: SAP Application / DevClass Tree(0) FBZG / Failed Customer Payment Analysis (Russia) (Transact.) J3RFPDE / Customer Payment Analysis (Russia) (Program) RFD0PR20 / Customer Payment History (Program) RFD0PR20 / Customer Payment History (Program) Tree: OLTP-Source Tree(1) OFI AR 50 / Customer Payment History (OLTP-Src(F*)) 	

Multi-Object Search showing search result

The above search example shows the search result after clicking the Collapse Tree' option from the Multi-Object 'Tools' icon

Each node of the tree shows details of the objects returned.

Further details of each object can be shown, either by double clicking on the object, or by Right Mouse Clicking and choosing 'Open Detailed Object Information'. The results of this action vary depending on the object type.

For a Table	The Table Details screen – see 'Viewing Table Details' earlier in this chapter
For a View	The View Details screen – see 'Showing the View Fields' earlier in this chapter
For a Data Element	The Data Element details in the Model Overview – see 'Using the Overview to Browse Data Elements' earlier in this chapter
For a Domain	The Domain details in the Model Overview – see 'Using the Overview to Browse Domains' earlier in this chapter
For a Hierarchy Object	The ERP-specific Hierarchy screen with the selected node opened – see 'The Application Hierarchy' earlier in this chapter.

Drilling into data

In addition to looking at the metadata for tables, Safyr allows the actual data itself to be displayed, subject to the appropriate data access authorities.

This is achieved by selecting the table from the Model Overview, and then clicking to oblar, or by Right Mouse Clicking on the table in the list and selecting 'Drill into Source Data'. Safyr then performs a query to retrieve the data from the table.

able Data of:								
_CURCY / Currency	/ (Standard)							🝸 Filter Dat
Currency Code	Row Id	Created	Created By	Conflict Id	Last Updated	Last Updated By	Modification Number	Name
HKD	0-2SCC1	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	1	Dollar
GRD	0-3Z01R	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	3	Drachma
USD	0-5100	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	0	Dollar
ALL	0-5101	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	0	Lek
ARS	0-5102	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	1	Peso
AUD	0-5103	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	0	Dollar
ATS	0-5104	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	5	Schilling
BEF	0-5105	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	4	Franc
BRC	0-5106	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	0	Real
CAD	0-5107	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	0	Dollar
COP	0-5108	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	0	Peso
DKK	0-5109	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	2	Krone
FIM	0-5110	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	4	Markka
FRF	0-5111	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	4	Franc
DEM	0-5112	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	4	Deutsche Mark
HTG	0-5113	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	0	Dollar
HUF	0-5114	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	0	Forint
ISK	0-5115	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	0	Krona
IEP	0-5116	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	6	Pound
m	0-5117	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	4	Lira
JPY	0-5118	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	2	Yen
KRW	0-5119	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	1	Won
								>

Safyr displays the result data set in tabular form. Additionally, there are one or more Detail Tabs to the right of the screen, which allow the user to examine all the fields of one row.

The columns in the data set can be re-arranged by dragging and dropping a column to a new position using the column title.

The data set can be sorted by clicking on the title for the required sort column. A second click will sort that column in descending order.

Using QBE (Query by Example) to interrogate data

To restrict the data retrieved, click on the Filter Button Filter Data. Queries can be built up by adding selection criteria to one or more fields.

Browse Table Data: S_CURCY				×
Table Data of:				
S_CURCY / Currency / (Standard)			► Filter (Data
++ Currency Code Row Id Created Created	ed By Conflict Id	Last Updated	Last Updated By	1.4
	~	>=	~	
<				<
No of Records: 38		Change No of Rec Limit	Export Selected Da	ta

Setting QBE Selection Criteria

Click the 'Filter Data' Button Filter Data to run the query.

ndard)							💙 Filter Da
Row Id	Created	Created By	Conflict Id	Last Updated	Last Updated By	Modification Number	Name
0-5101	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	0	Lek
0-5102	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	1	Peso
0-5103	01/01/1980	0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1	0	Dollar
0-5104	01/01/1980	0-1	0				
0-5102 0-5103	01/01/1980 01/01/1980	0-1 0-1	0	01/01/1980	0-1		1

Query Results

Exporting data to flat files

Exporting data from a single table

Having selected the required data, click on the Export Selected Data Button. The data can be exported with or without column headings, using logical or physical names. A comma, tab or other character can be specified to delimit the export file.

Data Export	×
Export	
to File:	
Encoding:	ANSI
🔿 to Clipboard	
Format	
Write Header	
Record Count	
Column Names:	
Boolean 'True' as:	1
Boolean 'False' as:	0
Export Data as:	Database-Values 💌
Delimiter / Separator –	
Field Separator:	Comma
Field Delimiter:	-
Record Separator:	CR LF
Fields	OK Cancel



The Export form options are as follows:

File Name:	Enter the name of the file to export to. Use the button to browse for a file or folder. If this file does not exist, Safyr will create it.
Write File Header:	Checking this option enables the additional options in the panel of 'Record Counter and 'Column Names'.
Record Counter:	Select this option to include a row count at the beginning of the export file.
Column Names:	Click the appropriate radio button to include either Logical or Physical names as column headers.
Field Separator:	Choose the appropriate character to act as a field separator in the exported file.
Boolean 'True' or 'False':	Allows the user to specify suitable text values by which to represent Boolean values in the file.

 Field Delimiter:
 Choose the appropriate character to act as a field delimiter in the exported file

 Description
 Choose the appropriate character to act as a field delimiter in the exported file

Record Separator: Choose the appropriate character to act as a record separator in the exported file

The Fields... button toggles the 'Field' selector portion of the form on and off. In the field selector you can select fields for inclusion in the exported file.

Once the export options have been set, click OK to start the export. The following progress form shows the export running.

Safyr Data Export	- 🗆 ×
Data export to ClipBoard	
Progress	
Export: Process finished	
History	
Text	DateTime
 Process started 	07.10.19 17:11:36
 Export to: ClipBoard 	07.10.19 17:11:36
✓ 4 records written	07.10.19 17:11:36
✓ Process finished	07.10.19 17:11:36
	Ok

Export Progress Form

Export of a number of tables

This facility must be used with care as it will export all the data from any number of tables.

Firstly select the tables to be exported either using the various Safyr search facilities or by putting selected tables into a subject area and loading the subject area into the model browser.

All tables selected into the Model Browser can be exported by Right Mouse Clicking on the model browser and selecting Export Source Data (Full Selection) from the pop-up menu. The 'Batch Export Properties' form is then displayed.

Batch Export Properties	×
Define Batch Export Properties	
Path to export the Files:	
Prefix for the Files:	Extension for the Files:
	Ok Cancel
	Current

Set export properties

For the export, each table will be exported into a separate file in the chosen export directory. Specify a Path for the location of the exported text files.

Select a prefix and extension for the export files.

On clicking OK Safyr displays the same Data Export form used for a single table data export (but without the 'Field' selection feature).

After selecting the appropriate setting and clicking the 'OK' button, each table in the Model Overview selection is exported to flat file.

Creating SQL scripts for table access

This feature of Safyr is an aid to making direct access to the source application (e.g. PeopleSoft) easier for any tool that uses SQL to interrogate the data.

By selecting a base table, a database view can be generated, or a select statement that uses the 'business names' as an alias. The example below shows a view generated from SAP table A008. The Table Description from SAP becomes the View name and the Field Description for each field becomes an alias.

CURCY_CD AS Currency_Code,
ROW_ID AS Row_Id,
CREATED AS Created,
CREATED_BY AS Created_By,
CONFLICT_ID AS Conflict_Id,
LAST_UPD AS Last_Updated,
LAST_UPD_BY AS Last_Updated_By,
MODIFICATION_NUM AS Modification_Number,
NAME AS Name,
ACTIVE_FLG AS Active_Flag,
END_DT AS End_Date,
START_DT AS Start_Date,
CURCY_SYMBOL AS Currency_Symbol,
DECIMAL_SYMBOL AS Decimal_Symbol,
EURO_FLG AS Euro_Triangulation_Required_Flag,
QUALIFIER AS Qualifier,
DCKING_NUM AS Docking_Number,
DEGREE_OF_PREC AS Degree_Of_Precision,
EXTEND_PRECISION AS Extend_Precision,
MIN_ACCT_UNIT AS Minimum_Acct_Unit,
ISSUING_COUNTRY AS Issuing_Country,
DESC_TEXT AS Descriptive_Text
FROM dbo.S_CURCY

To generate Views or Select Statements

Right Mouse Click on the appropriate table in the Safyr Model Overview and choose 'Create SQL Scripts'. This displays the script creation form shown on the next page.

Show Table: S_CURCY / Cu	rrency		×
SQL-Statement			~
to create a view			
with readable field names			
with readable view names			
Uppercase Statement			
Table Owner: dbo			
prefix for created views:			
add Client where dause			
☑ add ';' at the end			
	<		~
	Create SQL	Select All	Close
	· · · ·		

Script generation form

- The options on the left of the form dictate how the view or select statement is generated.
- To create a view check this box to create a view, leave unchecked to create a select statement.
- With readable field names check this box to use the field name as an alias.
- Uppercase Statement check to have the generated text in upper case characters.
- Table Owner specify the database table owner to be used as a prefix to the Table Name in the generated text.
- Prefix for created views –specify a string to be used as a prefix for the View name.
- Add Client where clause allows specification of a SAP 'Client' (MANDT) for inclusion in the generated text 'where' clause.
- Add ';' at the end tail the generated statement with an ';'.

Having made the appropriate selections, click the 'Create SQL' button to generate the required statement.

The 'Select All' and 'Copy to Clipboard' buttons can now be used to select and copy the generated text for transfer to another application, if required.

Exporting a list of tables

This feature of Safyr can be used to create simple list of tables from the Model Overview.

Right Mouse Click on the Safyr Model Overview and choose 'Export Table List to File or Clipboard'

The following screen is then displayed.

to File:		
Encoding:	ANSI	•
🔿 to Clipboard		
Format		
Write Header		
Record Count		
Column Names:		
Boolean 'True' as:	1	
Boolean 'False' as:	0	
Export Data as:	Database-Values 💌	
Delimiter / Separator -		
Field Separator:	Comma 💌	
Field Delimiter:	*	
Record Separator:	CR LF	

The Export form options are as follows:

- To File or to Clipboard: Choose the appropriate option to export to a file or to the Clipboard
- File Name: Enter the name of the file to export to. Use the button to browse for a file or folder. If this file does not exist, Safyr will create it.
- Output Encoding: Choose the output encoding required. This can be ANSI, UTF16 or UTF8.
- Write Header: Checking this option enables the additional options in the panel of 'Record Counter and 'Column Names'.
- Record Counter: Select this option to include a row count at the beginning of the export file.
- Column Names: Click the appropriate radio button to include either Logical or Physical names as column headers.
- Field Separator: Choose the appropriate character to act as a field separator in the exported file.

- Boolean 'True' or 'False': Allows the user to specify suitable text values by which to represent Boolean values in the file.
- Field Delimiter: Choose the appropriate character to act as a field delimiter in the exported file
- Record Separator: Choose the appropriate character to act as a record separator in the exported file

The Fields... button toggles the 'Field' selector portion of the form on and off. In the field selector you can select fields for inclusion in the exported file.

After making the appropriate selections, click 'OK' to generate the export to the specified File or the Clipboard.

Viewing Model Statistics

The 'Statistics' option on the Safyr View menu will display a form showing a summary of the 'objects' extracted and stored in the Safyr repository.

Statistics	×
Repository Statistics	
Statistics Repository: ECC6 Description:	
Number of Dictionary Languages: 7 Number of Dictionary Settings: 3 Number of Domains: 92494 Number of Domain Descriptions: 647458 Number of Domainvalues: 178774 Number of Domainvalue Descriptions: 1251418 Number of Tables: 90473 Number of Table Descriptions: 633311 Number of Data Elements: 201113 Number of Data Element Descriptions: 1407791 Number of Fields: 934361	Ш
Number of Field Descriptions: 6540527 Number of Indexes: 109520 Number of Index Descriptions: 766640	

Model Statistics

The ERP Extract Log

During the extraction of metadata from the chosen Enterprise Application, Safyr records a log of the extraction steps in the form of an XML file. This log file can be viewed by selecting 'Show ERP Extract Log...' from the Safyr 'Tools' menu.

ERP Extraction Log Viewer	-)
ile Name: C:\temp\Safyr_EPR_Extract_20180910140040.xml			
> 🗸 Transfer Cubes 13:40:12			
> 🗸 RSDCUBE / Cube 13:40:12 [00:00:04]			
> V RSDCUBET / Cube Description 13:40:17			
> 🗸 Transfer DSO (DataSource Objects) 13:40:18			
> 🗸 RSDODSO / DSO 13:40:18			
> V RSDODSOT / DSO Description 13:40:19			
> 🗸 Transfer InfoObjects 13:40:20			
> V RSDIOBJ / InfoObjects 13:40:20 [00:00:49]			
> V RSDIOBJT / InfoObject Texts 13:41:09 [00:03:37]			
> ✓ Fill Relationships beetween Charact.SID S-Table and R-Tables 13:44:48 [00:00:01]			
➤ ✓ Fill Relationships beetween Charact.SID S-Table and S-,P-,T-,Q-Tables 13:44:49 [00:00:05]			
➤ ✓ Fill Relationships beetween Charact.SID View R-Table and X-,Y-,S-Tables 13:44:55 [00:00:02]			
> ✓ Transfer Dimensions of the Cubes 13:44:58			
> 🗸 RSDDIME / Dimensions 13:44:58 [00:01:05]			
> V RSDDIMET / Dimension Texts 13:46:04 [00:00:14]			
> ✓ Delete Fact Tables Dimension Fields without Relationships 13:46:19 [00:00:19]			
> ✓ Dimension and Characteristics (cleanup) 13:46:39			
Fill Relationships beetween Dimenstion Tables and Charact.SID R-Table 13:46:39 [00:00:13]			
> ✓ Delete Dimension Tables without Relationships 13:46:53 [00:00:26]			
Fill the InfoObject Description text to the corresponding characteristic S-table 13:47:19			
> ✓ Fill Relationships beetween DSO and Characteristic S-Table 13:47:20 [00:00:27]			
SDIPROIOBJT / Overwrite InfoObject Labels for InfoProviders (Cubes and DSOs) 13:47:47 [00:00:12]]		
		Clos	~
		CIOS	e

Viewing the Extract Log

At the completion of each extract the log file is written to the ExtractLog folder. This folder is located within the 'Users' folder. This will typically be \Users\<User Name>\AppData\Roaming\Silwood\Safyr 8\ExtractLog\.

During the extract process, the Log can be saved at any stage by Right Mouse Clicking on the background and selecting 'Export Log...'

The Export Log

The Export Log is similar to the Extract Log described in the previous section. This log is produced when one of Safyr's Export formats is used. The log file can be viewed by selecting 'Show Export Log...' from the Safyr 'Tools' menu.

Subject Areas

Subject Areas allow tables and views in Safyr to be divided into manageable 'chunks'. Subject Areas allow you to:

- Create subsets of the full set of tables in the Safyr repository a Safyr subject area is like a folder where you can group together tables of interest.
- Create subsets of the fields for each table (see 'Subject Areas and Marked Fields' below). ERP/CRM packages often have tables with many fields (sometimes hundreds). This feature enables the user to select as many (or as few fields) as meets their requirement.
- Qualify Searches A subject area can be used in combination with the other Safyr search capabilities to limit the scope of the search being performed. e.g. "Find me all the tables that have a field with the text 'order date' in the field description that are in the 'Warehouse' subject area".
- Export into other tools The subject area is the vehicle for exporting data definitions into any of the Safyr tool interfaces. All the tables of the subject area will be exported to the chosen tool.

The members of a subject area are simply references to the tables and views grouped in that subject area. Deleting a subject area member only deletes the *reference* to that table or view and not the table or view itself.

The contents of a subject area can be moved from one Repository to another Repository using the subject area backup/restore feature described below.

A table may exist in zero, one or more Subject Areas, and the field subsets (see 'Subject Areas and Marked Fields' below) are specific to a given Subject Area.

Subject Areas and Marked Fields

Safyr uses a concept called 'Marked Fields' to allow the user to select one or more fields in a given table. When exporting a Subject Area from Safyr, the user can decide to export all fields for the tables in a Subject Area, or just the marked fields.

There are two approaches available in Safyr to 'mark' fields:

Using Search Criteria – when Safyr search criteria that select tables by 'Field' attributes are active, the matching fields can be automatically marked.

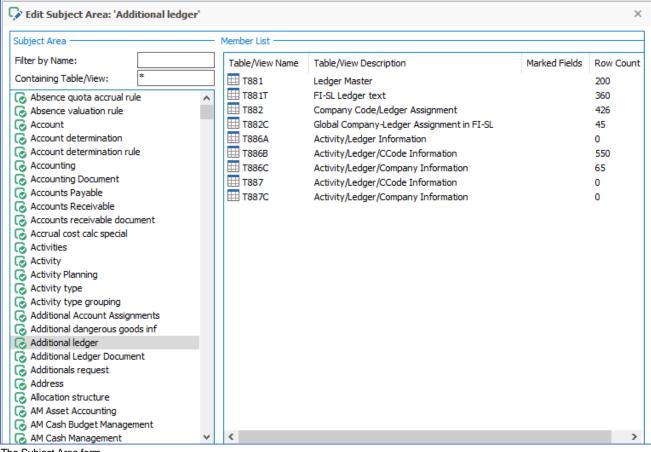
Marking fields manually – In addition to using search criteria, fields may be selected/deselected as 'marked'. See 'Marking Fields Manually' below for details on how to manually mark fields.

Note1 : If a Table is in a Subject Area and has no explicitly marked fields, then an export of that Subject Area to one of the Safyr export formats will include *all* the fields for that table.

Note2: Marked Fields can only exist within the context of a Subject Area. Two or more Subject Areas may reference the same table and each table can have differing Marked Fields.

Managing Subject Areas

To create, delete or change a Subject Area, click the 🔽 icon on the Safyr toolbar, or select 'Subject Areas' from the 'Edit' menu, or select 'Group Tables into Subject Areas' from the Safyr Navigation Tiles. This will display the Edit Subject Areas form which has features for creating and populating subject areas.



The Subject Area form

The list on the left shows the existing Subject Areas. This will be empty the first time an extraction is performed from a given ERP/CRM system. The members of a Subject Area are shown on the right when a Subject Area is selected.

Where Fields have been 'Marked', the number of Marked Fields is shown. If this is blank for a given table, then no Fields of that table have been Marked.

The Row Count column shows how many data rows are in each table. This will show as '-1' for Views.

The 'Filter by Name' box can be used to sub-set the list of Subject Areas to those matching the entered string.

The 'Containing Table/View' box can be used to sub-set the list of Subject Areas to those containing a Table or View that match the entered string.

The controls at the bottom of the Subject Area screen are as follows:

Click to change the name of the current Subject Area.

- Click to create a new Subject Area. See 'Adding a New Subject Area' below.
- Copy the selected Subject Area to a new Subject Area. This will create a new Subject Area, copying the Subject Area Members from the first Subject Area and with the same name as the first Subject Area with '(Copy)' appended.
- Click to delete the currently selected Subject Area. You will be asked to confirm this deletion and then the Subject Area and its contents will be deleted.
- Subject Area Tools see below for the expansion of this menu

Expand the Subject Area by creating a list of related parent and/or child tables. See 'Expanding a Subject Area with related Parent or Child Tables' below.

Export Selected Subject Area. This option starts the Export Wizard (see Chapter : Exporting metadata) using the currently selected Subject Area.

Restore. A subject area and its contents, previously exported, may be loaded into a separate Repository. On clicking this option, you will be prompted for the file name of the subject area to be imported. On accepting this, the current subject area will be updated with the contents of the export file.

Import from Excel. A subject area can be created based upon an Excel spreadsheet. Details of the Excel structure are described in Appendix C.

Backup All Subject Areas. This option exports all subject areas into an export file. This file can be used to populate another subject area in the same or a different Safyr repository. On clicking this option, you will be prompted for the file name of the subject area to be exported. On accepting this, the subject areas and their members will be written to the export file.

Backup Selected Subject Area. This option exports the currently selected subject area into an export file. This file can be used to populate another subject area in the same or a different Safyr repository. On clicking this option, you will be prompted for the file name of the subject area to be exported. After accepting this, the current subject area and its members will be written to the export file.

For the Subject Area members, the following tools are available:

- Show Details of the currently selected Table or View.
- Delete. This option will delete the currently selected item in the subject area.
- Delete All. This will delete all the items in the subject area. A form will be displayed, asking for confirmation of the delete action before the items are removed.
- Copy selected members.

Ē.

Paste selected members. These two tools (Copy, Paste) can be used to copy not only the tables from one Subject Area to another but also their Marked Fields. Where the tables exist in both 'source' and 'target' Subject Areas, the Marked Fields for the two versions of the Table will be merged.

Adding a New Subject Area

Clicking the 'Add new Subject Area' icon will display the 'Create New Subject Area' screen.

С	reate New Subjec	ct Area
	Create New Subje	ect Area
	Name:	Customer Subject Area
	Remark:	This Subject Area groups the Customer Master tables
	Created:	
	Last Updated:	
		Ok Cancel

Adding a New Subject Area

Enter a suitable name for the Subject Area, and (optionally) a description. The Created User ad Updated Date/Time are automatically set after clicking the 'OK' button.

Adding tables to a Subject Area

There are three main places for populating a subject area, each of which is described in the following sections.

- From the Model Overview
- From the Related Tables form
- From the Application Hierarchy

Populating a Subject Area from the Model Overview

This approach to populating a subject area uses the current set of tables in the Model Overview. These can be added to an existing Subject Area, or a new Subject Area can be created and populated with the chosen tables in one step.

Individual tables can be added to the currently selected subject area by dragging and dropping from the Model Overview into the Subject Area. Alternatively, use the Select Tables features described above (see 'Selecting tables in the model overview') to reduce the list of tables to a

manageable size. Then, Right Mouse Click on the list of tables in the Model Overview and click one of the following:

Add Table <name> to Subject Area <Subject Area name> <field range>

Add the selected <number of tables> to Subject Area <Subject Area name><field range>

Add Table <name> to a 'New Subject Area' <field range>

Add the selected <number of tables> to a 'New Subject Area' <Subject Area name> <field range>

If the Subject Area editor is already open, then one of the first two options in the table will be displayed and the <Subject Area name> will be set to that of the Subject Area currently selected in the Subject Area editor. If the Subject Area editor is not open, then one of the last two options in the table will be displayed and after choosing the 'Add...' option, an additional screen will prompt the user to enter the name of the new Subject Area.

The 'field range' option will be either:

all fields	All fields of each table will be part of the Subject Area
only marked fields	Only those fields explicitly marked will be added to the Subject Area. This option will also prompt the display of an additional screen. See 'Filter Screen for Marked Fields' below.

Edit View Too	ols Window Help					
del Overview [Tab	les]					× 🖓 Edit Subject Area: 'material tables'
Tables	Views 🧼 Data Elements 🖉 Domains					Subject Area Member List
ilter Tables by:						
Table Name	Short Description Subject Area ID			ĥ		Containing Table/View:
~	~ *material master *	- PP	Search 🗙		🖈 Advanced Search	
Tbl Name 🔺	Short Desc	Tbl Type	No. of Child Tbls	lo. of Parent Tbls	Row Count	A Material allocation table
J 1AINFMBW		Transparent	0	8	0	Compared Alternation rule
J 7LC48	REA Data Filter: Field Definition Charact, Material Maste		1	4	0	Material inventory
J 7LC49	REA Data Filter: Material Master Characteristic Values	Transparent	0	3	0	Material reservation
MAEX	Material Master: Legal Control	Transparent	0	7	0	Material structure
MAMT	Material Master Texts per Unit of Measure and Text ID	Transparent	0	4	0	Comaterial tables
MAPE	Material Master: Export Control File	Transparent	0	4	0	Co Material valuation area
MAPEWG	Material master: Preference determination: Cross-plant	Transparent	0	6	0	G Material valuation type
MARCH	Material Master C Segment: History	Transparent	0	0	484	Co Materials Management
MARDH	Material Master Storage Location Segment: History	Transparent	0	2	1183	Communication Management general
MASSUSRPRF	Material Master User Settings: Screen Reference "User"	Transparent	0	1	0	MM - Controlling
MAW1	Material Master: Default Fields and Special Retail Fields	Transparent	0	17	0	MM - Cross Application
MGVSPECTYPE	Specialization types material master	Transparent	2	1	0	G MM - Finance
MGVSPECTYPET	Specialization types material master	Transparent	0	3	0	🐻 MM - Human Resources
MOFF	Outstanding Material Master Records	Transparent	0	12	4157	G MM - Inventory Management
MSTA	Material Master Status	Transparent	0	10	5626	MM - Invoice Verification
MVGD		Transparent	0	1	0	MM - Logistics general
OIFORCAM	Conversion of article master to material master data (AL	Transparent	0	4	0	Common MM - Production Control
SPCIPFIELDLIST	Display-fields for creating material master from IP	Transparent	0	2	0	MM - Purchasing
T130A	Material master field selection	Transparent	6	0	210	MM - Sales and Distribution
T130M	Transaction control parameters: material master mainter	SAP Pool	0	2	36	G MM-WM - Controlling
T130O	SAP components for material master record maintenance		0	1	5	V G MM-WM - Cross Application V <
No	of Records: 59				Change No of Rec Lim	mt 📝 🏠 🔁 🔂 🖪 🖬 🖬 🖬 🗤 🗤

Populating an existing Subject Area from the Model Overview

Filter Screen for Marked Fields

Mark Fields for Subj	ect Area 'New Subject Area'
Mark Fields with Filt	er:
Field Name	
Field Name	
Short Description	~
Long Description	~
Data Elmnt Name	=
Domain Name	=
Only tables	with fields matching the filter criteria will be added to the Subject Area.
Clear Filter	Ok Cancel

Filter Screen for Marked Fields

When choosing the '...(only marked fields)' option for populating a Subject Area, the Marked Fields with Filter screen is displayed.

If there are any active Field level search criteria from the Advanced Search screen currently selected, these will be shown. In order to select the Fields for inclusion in the Marked Fields for the Subject Area, it will be necessary to enter suitable search criteria.

Populating a Subject Area from the Related Table form

Another method of adding tables to a subject area is to choose tables from the Related Tables form. This is useful when looking for tables that are 'parent' or 'child' tables of a given table.

To achieve this display the Related Tables form for the appropriate table (see 'Viewing parent/child relationships' in this chapter).

Similar options for Adding individual or selected tables apply here, as described in the previous section 'Populating a Subject Area from the Model Overview', but without the 'marked fields' option.

elationships for Table	:							
IARA		Only with Data						
arent Tables (62	2)	all relationships	-					
+ Table Name 🔺	Short Desc		~					
▶ TWHETC	Warohouse Storage Condition							
Add the	selected 62 Tables to Subject Area 'material tables	t -						
TV Select Al	I							
• W Table Details								
• W								
WEFMATBSTAT	Creation Status - Seasonal Procurement		T					
• W			~					
• W			~					
WEFMATBSTAT Table Details	Creation Status - Seasonal Procurement		~					
W WRFMATBSTAT Table Details Child Tables (13)	Creation Status - Seasonal Procurement	all relationships	~					
W WRFMATBSTAT Table Details Child Tables (13 Table Name ▲	Creation Status - Seasonal Procurement 98) Short Desc	all relationships	×					
W WRFMATBSTAT Table Details Child Tables (13 Table Name ▲ WSTN_PP_PURCH	Creation Status - Seasonal Procurement 98) Short Desc Prepack definition - Purchasing price table	all relationships	~ ~					
W WRFMATBSTAT Table Details Child Tables (13 Table Name ▲	Creation Status - Seasonal Procurement 98) Short Desc Prepack definition - Purchasing price table Prepack definition - Components table	all relationships	•					
W WRFMATBSTAT Table Details Child Tables (13 Table Name ▲ WSTN_PP_PURCH	Creation Status - Seasonal Procurement 98) Short Desc Prepack definition - Purchasing price table	all relationships	•					
W WRFMATBSTAT WRFMATBSTAT Table Details Child Tables (13 Table Name ▲ WSTN_PP_PURCH WSTN_PP_STRUC	Creation Status - Seasonal Procurement 98) Short Desc Prepack definition - Purchasing price table Prepack definition - Components table	all relationships	•					
W W WRFMATBSTAT WRFMATBSTAT Table Details Child Tables (13 Table Name ▲ WSTN_PP_PURCH WSTN_PP_STRUC WTADAB	Creation Status - Seasonal Procurement 98) Short Desc Prepack definition - Purchasing price table Prepack definition - Components table Additionals: Documents	all relationships	•					
W WRFMATBSTAT WRFMATBSTAT Table Details thid Tables (13 Table Name ▲ WSTN_PP_PURCH WSTN_PP_STRUC WTADAB WTADDI	Creation Status - Seasonal Procurement 98) Short Desc Prepack definition - Purchasing price table Prepack definition - Components table Additionals: Documents Additionals for a material	all relationships	•					

Adding related tables to a new Subject Area

Populating a Subject Area from the Application Hierarchy

The Application Hierarchy presents tables and views as nodes of a 'tree' where the nodes represent application modules and sub-modules. Any node of this tree can be used to populate a subject area.

Either drag and drop the node or table from the hierarchy into the subject area, or use the Right Mouse menu and select one of the 'Add all...' options to add the tables and/or views belonging to that node to the subject area. As with the previous two methods, slightly different options are presented, depending on whether or not the Subject Area editor is already open.

RP Hierarchy	×
SAP Program Tree	ρ
> CS / Customer Service (ApplComp)	~
> DI / Discrete Industries (ApplComp)	
> EC / Enterprise Controlling (ApplComp)	
> EHS / Environment, Health and Safety (ApplComp)	
> EP / Enterprise Portal (ApplComp)	
FI / Financial Accounting (ApplComp)	
> 📲 /KYK/FIN_FI / Financial Accounting (DevClass)	
> 📲 /SREP/FIN / Financials Reporting: InfoSets, POWER Lists (DevClass)	
>	
> 📲 BWFI / BW: Delta Process for Data Extraction in FI (DevClass)	
> 📲 CRM_IPM_FI / Intellectual Property Management - Confirmation (DevClass)	
> 📲 DCAT / Computer Aided Test Tool: Composite Report (DevClass)	
> 📲 DTIN / Cross-application data input DB/archive/ (DevClass)	
🗸 📲 FAPM / Attached Payment Media (DevClass)	
FAPM / Attached Payment Media (EuroGroup)	
Add all Tables of 'FAPM / Attached Payment Media (FuncGroup)' to a 'New Subject Area'	
Export Branch '\FAPM / Attached Payment Media' to File	
Export Branch '\FAPM / Attached Payment Media' to SA XML	
Expand Sub Tree	
> III T005 / Countries	_
> III T005T / Country Names	
> III T005U / Taxes: Region Key: Texts	
> III T012 / House Banks	
T012K / House Bank Accounts	
> III T042 / Parameters for payment transactions	
> III T042A / Bank selection for payment program	
> III T042E / Company Code-Specific Specifications for Payment Methods	
> III T042I / Account determination for payment program	

Populating a new Subject Area from the Application Hierarchy

Marking Fields Manually

Once a table is added to a Subject Area, additional options become available for managing the Marked Fields.

Opening the Table Details screen from the Subject Area editor will reveal a set of check boxes that correspond to each Field. Any previously marked fields will already have the check box set 'on'.

1	able Details: A03	9 Overhea	d Type/Busine	ss Area										×
ļ	🔠 Table-Info	F	ields	Relation	nships	🗄 Inde	exes							
	Fields Field Filter	8			Fiel	d Details ——								
Marked Fields			Field Name:			KAPPL								
	Subject Area:	Accounting		~	Sh	ort Desc:	Ī	Applicati	on					
	Show Fields:	< Show all Fie	lds >	~	Po	sit:		2	Key Flag	: Y] M	landatory	: Y	
	Fieldname	Posit	Fieldtext		Pa	rent Table/Field	1: [T681A		KAPPL				t
		1	Client		Da	ta Element								
		2	Application		Da	ata Element Nam	ne:	KAPPL						- t
		3	Condition type		Sh	ort Desc:	ľ	Applicati	on					
		4 5	Controlling Are Overhead type				L							
		6	Business Area	=	Do	main Info ——								
		7	Valid to		Do	main Name:	Ī	KAPPL						t
	DATAB	8	Valid From		Sh	ort Desc:	Ī	Condition	n application	ı				
		9	Condition reco	rd	Da	ata Type / ERP:		String	1	CHAR		Length:	2	Decimals
					En En	itity Table:	Ē	T681A						• • F
					K Do	scriptions (T =	tod	opical da	acription) -					
									Data Eleme	Data		n. (T) [Demain	Dam
							Field						Domain	Dom
						ubdivides the us oplication areas								ent 🔨
						phicadon areas	(101	example	, adies et di	Salbadon	or po	a choan igy		
					1									

Marked Fields options on Table Display

Two drop down lists are available.

- Subject Areas: This shows those Subject Areas of which the Table is a member. Choosing a different Subject Area will show the Marked Fields relevant to that Subject Area.
- Show Fields: This allows the visible Fields to be filtered as follows:
 - Show all Fields shows all the fields
 - Show Marked Fields shows marked fields only
 - Show Primarykey Fields shows Primary Key fields only
 - Show Foreignkey Fields shows Foreign Key fields only

These filters can be used in combination to show (for example), Marked Fields AND Primary Key Fields.

Marking View Fields

The Marked Fields features described above are also available for Views. Whilst the layout of the View screens is slightly different to those for Base tables, the method for marking View Fields is essentially the same and is not described in detail here.

Expanding a Subject Area with related Parent or Child tables

The sections above have dealt with populating a Subject Area by finding tables and adding those tables to the Subject Area. The Subject Area itself can also be used to 'expand' the tables in the Subject Area by finding the related Parent and/or Child tables.

This feature uses the tables already in the Subject Area as 'seed tables'. The user can then choose options that will generate a list of tables related to each table in the Subject Area to a user-specified level of Parent and/or Child tables. This generated list can then be reviewed and the tables either added to the starting Subject Area, or added to a separate Subject Area.

The expansion process is started by choosing the Subject Area containing the 'seed' tables and then clicking the 🖆 icon on the Subject Area tool bar. This option is within the Subject Area tools menu - 🔳.

Follow Parent Relationships		
Identifying relationships up to level (99 = all):	1	
Non identifying relationships up to level (99 = all):	1	
Follow Child Relationships		
Down to level:	1	
Only identifying relationships		
Advanced Settings		
Limit to No of entities (0=no limit):	0	
Include original subject area tables/views in result:		
Only include tables containing data:		

This will display a screen for selecting the levels of related tables to be included.

Specifying levels of tables to be included in a Subject Area expansion

Possible Settings are: -

- Follow Parent Relationships. This option will include any tables that have 'Parent' relationships to the tables in the Subject Area chosen. For each of the two options available, the level number dictates how many generations of 'ancestors' to include. '1' indicates direct parent ancestors. '2' would indicate parents of the parents and so on. The two further options within this are:
 - Identifying relationships up to level: includes those relationships where the primary key fields of the 'parent' table form part of the primary key of the child table
 - Non-Identifying relationships up to level: includes those relationships where the primary key fields of the 'parent' table do not form part of the primary key of the child table
- Follow Child Relationships: This option will include any tables that have 'Child' relationships to the tables in the subject area. This option is further qualified by the next option of 'Only Identifying Relationships'. Selecting this option will only include 'child' tables where the primary key fields of the 'parent' table form part of the primary key of the child table.
- Limit To: The Maximum Number of Entities to be assembled. '0' denotes no limit.
- Include original Subject Area tables/views in result: The set of tables in the Subject Area that are used as the basis of finding related tables will also be included in the result set if this option is selected.
- Only include tables containing data: The set of tables resulting from the search will be restricted to those that have a Row Count greater than zero.

After setting the Relationship Levels as described above, clicking the 'Next' button will start the process of assembling the related table list. The resulting set of tables are then displayed.

Expand Subject Area	3	- 🗆 X
Expand Sub	ject Area 'Activities'	Total 13 Elements
Table/View Name	Table/View Description	
🖽 тооо	Clients	
T002	Language Keys (Component BC-I18)	
III T100	Messages	
1100A	Message IDs for T100	
III TB105_2	BDT Field Grouping per Activity Category Part 2	
III TB105_3	BDT Field Grouping per Activity Category Part 3	
III TB105_4	BDT Field Grouping per Activity Category Part 4	
III TBZOO	BDT Field Grouping for Each Activity (Control)	
III TBZ1	BDT Application Objects	
III TBZ 1E	BDT Application Transactions	
III TBZ3Z	BDT Field Grouping: Link Rules with Activity	
III TFK070O	Corresponence - Function Modules for Master	
III TIVJUMP01	REMD Direct Entry: Transaction Determination	
< Back Next	Select all or required rows then right mouse dick or drag and drop to add to the selected Subject Area	Close

Result set from using the Expand Subject Area feature

The number of tables in the list is displayed at the top right of the screen.

From this screen the options for the user can be:

- Clicking the 'Back' button to refine the selection criteria to produce a different list of tables
- Clicking the 'Close' button to terminate the process
- Selecting rows from the result set and adding these to the original Subject Area or a different Subject Area.

Expand Subject Area		-		×
Expand Subject Area 'Account' Total 197 Elements				
Table/View Name Table/View Description				^
BEV 1/RB	Descentification Associate for Costs Testand of C	1		
BEV3/CH Add the	selected 197 tablesviews to Subject Area 'Accou	int'		
I /CCIS/PR Select Al	l i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			
GSINS/EK_ETL_FI	Insurance ETL Customizing Table			
/GSINS/SR_C_BAL	Custimizing for Accounts in Balance ETL			
/SAPPCE/JVA_T8JO	E&C version of table T8JO			
III ANEP	Asset Line Items			
III ANLA	Asset Master Record Segment			
ANLBZW	Asset-specific base values			
III ANLH	Main asset number			
	Order master data			
III BSAD	Accounting: Secondary Index for Customers (
III BSAK	Accounting: Secondary Index for Vendors (Cle			
III BSID	Accounting: Secondary Index for Customers			
III BSIK	Accounting: Secondary Index for Vendors			
CRMC_BEAVALTYACC	IPM: Assignment of Value Types for Accounts i			
III DFKKSUM	Posting totals from FI-CA			
III EWUSAK	EMU: Currencies for participating G/L accounts			
F107 TPROV	Provisions			×
< Back Next >	Select all or required rows then right mouse click o drag and drop to add to the selected Subject Area		Clos	se

Using the Right Mouse Click menu to select and then add the relationships to a Subject Area

Creating additional Relationships not extracted from the source Application

Safyr represents relationships from SAP by extracting the relationship definitions defined within the SAP Repository. This means that the relationships represented by Safyr are the same as those viewable by the ABAP Workbench Data Dictionary tool.

In the case of J.D. Edwards EnterpriseOne, there are no formal relationship definitions within the data dictionary.

The PeopleSoft data dictionary defines some relationships but not really enough to allow good data models to be derived.

Safyr users can use features within the product to add additional relationships to those found in the ERP data dictionary. Slightly different approaches have been taken for SAP, PeopleSoft Enterprise and J.D. Edwards EnterpriseOne, taking into account the characteristics of these three applications.

There are two possible methods for creating these additional relationships:

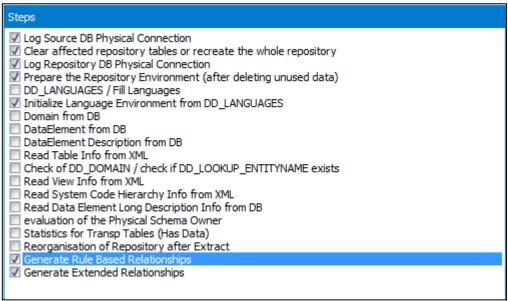
Creating Rules Based Relationships This method is available for SAP, PeopleSoft and JDEdwards repositories. Safyr uses a set of spreadsheet-based relationship definitions to build additional relationships.

Creating Extended Relationships This method is available for SAP, PeopleSoft and JDEdwards repositories. Safyr infers additional relationships by looking for possible Primary Key and Foreign Key pairings.

Full details of these methods are described in Appendix B.

Creating additional Relationships

The creation of additional relationships is normally carried out as part of the application extraction process (see the Safyr 'Getting Started Guide', Chapter : Extracting Metadata for more details.)



Setting the extraction options to only run the 'Generate Relationships' process

Reviewing generated Relationships

Safyr creates rules-based and extended relationships using the approach described above. Using such an approach, it may be possible that relationships are created that do not have a 'real world' existence. To accommodate this, a 'Delete' feature is available to physically remove the relationship from the Safyr repository.

To delete a Rules Based or Extended Relationship

Locate the Relationship to be removed and open the Relationship details in the Table Details form. Right Mouse Click on the chosen relationship to show a pop-up form.

Safyr® Data Model Browser (x64) − □ ×				
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp				
🗧 🔎 🔚 🔧 🖓 🕞 🎟 📾 📾 🎟				
Table Details: F0013 Currency Codes ×				
Table-Info III Fields 📇 Relationships 🖹 Indexes	_			
Relationships Ralationship Filter 🔕 Relationship Details				
Relationships Posit Fieldtext Parent Table Type: Non Identifying				
CVUSER 6 User TD E0092 Cardinality: Zero, one or more				
ded Relationship				
	± 1			
Select All Relationships	^			
Show Table Relationships Form				
Drill into Table Data	~			
Delete Rule Based or Extended Relationship	^			
	~ I			
Parent ———— Child ————				
Fieldname Fieldtext Fieldname Fieldtext				
ULUSER User ID				
Model Overview [Ta × Ⅲ TD: F0013 ×				
Repository: JDE91 Type: JD Edwards Enterprise One Language: Engli	sh 🔡			

The Rules based/Extended Relationship Delete Pop-up

From the pop-up choose 'Delete Rules Based or Extended Relationship'. It will be necessary to confirm the deletion to actually remove the relationship from the Safyr repository.

This 'Delete' feature is not enabled for ERP-based relationships.

Note: Once a Rules Based or Extended Relationship has been removed from the repository, the only way to reinstate is to rerun the 'Generate Rules Based Relationship'/'Generate Extended Relationship' option again.

Exporting metadata from Safyr

Describes how to move metadata out of Safyr and into other environments

The exploration features described in the previous chapter are principally aimed at locating data items of interest from the set of tables available in the Safyr repository. There will often be a need to move subsets of the objects into other tools in use within the organization.

The vehicle for exporting metadata from Safyr is the Subject Area. Whilst the target tool that requires the metadata will differ in how it deals with the information provided by Safyr, the general procedures for exporting metadata are identical.

Getting ready to export

To begin the process of exporting the chosen data definitions to the tool of choice, click the icon on the Safyr tool bar, or choose 'Export Data Model as...' from the File menu, or select 'Export Subject Areas....' from the Safyr Navigation Tiles. This opens the Export Data Model Wizard. Click the 'Next' button to start the export steps.

Export Data Model As	—		\times
Export Data Model Wizard			
Step 1: Define Subject Areas			
Please add the subject areas to export by clicking the "Add" button.			
Subject Areas			
Add Remove			
< Back Next >		Cano	cel

The Export Wizard - specifying the subject areas required

The 'Define Subject Areas' form is for selecting one or more subject areas to be exported. Click the 'Add Subject Areas' button to begin the process of choosing the Subject Area or Areas to be exported

tep 1: Define Subject Areas	💀 Selected Subject Area: 'Activities'			>
Please add the subject areas to exp	Subject Area		Member List	
Subject Areas	Filter by Name: Containing Table/View: * Absence quota accrual rule Absence valuation rule	^	Table/View Name TB105 TB20K TB20L	Table/View Description BDT Field Grouping for each Activity BDT Activity Categories BDT Activity Categories: Texts
	 Absence valuation rule Account Account determination Account determination rule Accounting Document Accounts Payable Accounts Receivable Accounts receivable Accounts receivable document Accuvits receivable Accuvits Accivities Activity Activity Planning 		TBZOM	BDT Activities: Texts
Add — Remove < Back	Activity type Activity type grouping Additional Account Assignments Additional dangerous goods inf Additional ledger Additional Ledger Document Additionals request			

Adding Subject Areas to be exported

Select one or more Subject Areas to be exported and click the 'Add <n> Subject Area' button to add these to the export area.

Click the 'Next' button to progress to the next stage of the export wizard.

The next form displayed is the place to choose the export format. The actual export formats displayed and the subsequent wizard steps will depend on the formats that your Safyr installation has been configured to use.

🕞 Export Data Model As			—		\times
Export Data Mode	l Wizard				
Step 2: Export Subject Areas	5 To				
Please select where to export t	he subject areas and define the export s	ettings.			
Export To					
 erwin ER/Studio Safyr ER Diagrammer Comparison File Metadata Report CSV File 	 PowerDesigner System Architect IBM InfoSphere Data Architect Generic XML Collibra Informatica EDC 				
< Back Next >				Can	cel

Export Wizard – choosing the export format

- *Export to:* This is for choosing the target for the Export information. The available options will depend upon the Safyr product license.
- *File Name and Location:* Use this control to specify a location and name for the export file, if required.
- Startup Command... If there is a program associated with the export file type, a command line string can be specified here so that, after the file has been created, the target tool can be started automatically and the file opened. Note that it is important to append the '%F' parameter to the command string in order for the file name to be passed as a parameter to the program. Check the 'Enable Command' checkbox to start using this feature.

Click the 'Next' button to move to the next stage of the Export wizard.

The export functionality is influenced by the 'Building Options' form, which is the next step of the export wizard.

Export Data Model As			—		×
Export Data Mode	l Wizard				
Step 3: Building Options					
Please select the options to buil	d the export.				
Follow Parent Relationships					
Identifying relationships up to	evel:	0			
Non identifying relationships up	to level:	0			
Follow Child Relationships					
Down to level:		0			
Type: Identifyi	ng child relationships	-			
Advanced Export Settings:					
Limit to No of entities (0=no lim	iit):	0			
Only include tables containing	data:				
< Back Start Export				Can	cel

Export Wizard Building Options

Possible Settings are: -

- Follow Parent Relationships. This option will include any tables that have 'Parent' relationships to the tables in the Subject area chosen. For each of the two options available, the level number dictates how many generations of 'ancestors' to include. '1' indicates direct parent ancestors. '2' would indicate parents of the parents and so on. The two further options within this are:
- Indentifying relationships up to level: includes those relationships where the primary key fields of the 'parent' table form part of the primary key of the child table
- Non Identifying relationships up to level: includes those relationships where the primary key fields of the 'parent' table do not form part of the primary key of the child table
- Follow Child Relationships: This option will include any tables that have 'Child' relationships to the tables in the subject area. This option is further qualified by the next option of 'Type'.

Type – this determines the scope of the 'child' related tables to be included. Possible values are:

- All child relationships
- Identifying child relationships only includes 'child' tables where the primary key fields of the 'parent' table form part of the primary key of the child table.

Limit to No of Entities: - The Maximum Number of Entities to be exported. Zero denotes no limit.

Only include tables containing data: The set of tables assembled will be restricted to those that have a Row Count greater than zero.

Limit the Export to "Marked Fields": The set of fields assembled for each table will be limited to the Marked Fields if this option is selected, plus the Primary Key fields of the table. If there are no marked Fields for any tables in the Subject Area, this option will not be dispalyed.

Now click the 'Start Export' button to begin the export process. The Export Status form is displayed to allow you to monitor the progress of the export. This shows a 'hierarchy' of tables being exported and a running total of the objects being exported. Once this process has completed, the exported information will be available for use.

Export Data M	odel As —	\times
👍 Export	Data Model Wizard	
Export Status		
Entities:	✓ Table: IO: 0VTSTAT / Statistics ID IO: 0VTSTAT 14:32:15	^
	Table: IO: 0VTYPE / Value type IO: 0VTYPE 14:32:15	
93	Table: IO: 0WBS_ELEMT / WBS Element IO: 0WBS_ELEMT 14:32:15	
	Table: QRY: 0CCA_M20_Q0001 / Cost Centers-Actual/Plan/Difference{Cost	t
Attributes:	 Creating the Relationships 14:32:15 	
876	200 relationships added 14:32:15	
	 Total Number of Relationships added: 305 14:32:15 	
Domains:	propagate marked fields though the model 14:32:15	
325	Meta Model created 14:32:15	
	 Export to ER/Studio ERX Model File 14:32:15 	
Rels:	ERX prepared 14:32:15	
305	 Attributes numbered 14:32:15 	
	Domains written 14:32:15	
	 AttributeLinks written 14:32:16 	
	 Entities written 14:32:16 	
	Relationships written 14:32:16	
	 Subject areas written 14:32:16 	
	 ERX saved 14:32:16 	
	 Export finished 14:32:16 	
		~
	< >>	
Export finished	1	
< Back St	tart Export Stop Export Close	

Export Wizard - Export Status

The CSV export format

This is a proprietary, text-based file, aimed at providing a means to export metadata from Safyr for any third party tool to access.

The CSV format includes details of Tables, Columns and Relationships and is in a selfdocumenting format.

```
<TABLES>

TABLE_OBJECT_ID, PHYSICAL_NAME, LOGICAL_NAME, IS_VIEW, IS_POOL, POOLTABLE, POOLDES

C

0, MARA, Material Master General Data, 0, 0, ,

<END_TABLES>

<COLUMNS>

COLUMNS>

COLUMN_OBJECT_ID, TABLE_OBJECT_ID, PHYSICAL_NAME, LOGICAL_NAME, IS_PK, IS_FKEY, IS

_NULLABLE, FULLSQLTYPE, LEN, DEC, SQLTYPE, DOMAIN_DATATYPE, POOLEXPR, POOLDLLFLDNR

10001, 0, MANDT, Client, 1, 0, 0, VARCHAR(3), 3, 0, VARCHAR, CLNT, ,

10002, 0, MATNR, Material, 1, 0, 0, VARCHAR(18), 18, 0, VARCHAR, CHAR, ,

10003, 0, ERSDA, Created on, 0, 0, 1, CHAR(8), 8, 0, CHAR, DATS, ,

10004, 0, ERNAM, Created by, 0, 0, 1, VARCHAR(12), 12, 0, VARCHAR, CHAR, ,

10005, 0, LAEDA, Last change, 0, 0, 1, VARCHAR(12), 12, 0, VARCHAR, CHAR, ,

10006, 0, AENAM, Last changed by, 0, 0, 1, VARCHAR(12), 12, 0, VARCHAR, CHAR, ,

10007, 0, VPSTA, Compl maint status, 0, 0, 1, VARCHAR(15), 15, 0, VARCHAR, CHAR, ,
```

```
Sample CSV file output
```

The Generic XML export format

The Generic XML export format is similar in purpose to the CSV export format in that it provides a means for tools that can consume XML to import metadata created from Safyr.

The XML format fully describes the set of Entities, Attributes and Relationships exported from Safyr. An XSD file is provided in the Safyr Documentation folder that describes the XML format used.

Exporting to the Safyr ER Diagrammer

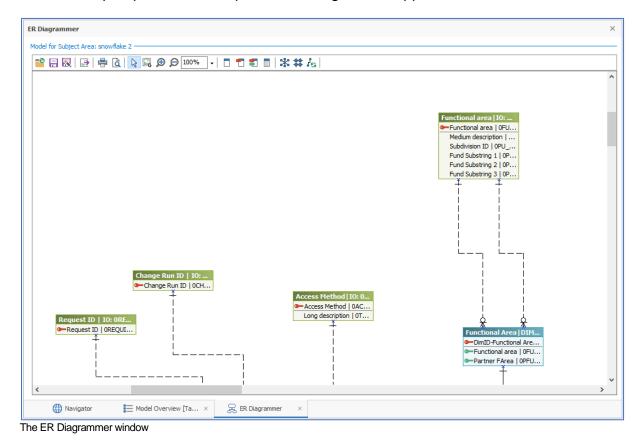
One of the optional export formats available with the product is Safyr's own diagramming environment, ER Diagrammer. This provides a simple method for representing the chosen tables as a datamodel.

To create a diagram, use the Export Wizard, as described above, choosing 'Safyr ER Diagrammer' as the Export type.

ease select where to export the	e subject areas and define the export s
CA ERwin Embarcadero ER/Studio Comparison File Safyr ER Diagrammer CSV File	 PowerDesigner IBM Rational SA IBM InfoSphere Optim IBM InfoSphere Data Architect

Choosing the ER Diagrammer export format

Once the export process is completed, the diagram will appear.



Tool Button	Tool Button Name	Details
	Open diagram	Open an existing diagram, saved in ER Diagrammer
=	Save diagram	Save the diagram
	Save diagram as	Save the diagram with a different name
3	Export diagram as image	Export the diagram in bitmap or Windows metafile format
÷	Print	Print the current diagram
à	Print Preview	Show how the model will look when printed
	Select Tool	Switch to the Select tool for selecting objects on the diagram
	Snapshot Tool	After selecting this, click on the diagram and select an area to be copied to the clipboard
€	Zoom In	Increase the magnification level for the diagram
Q	Zoom out	Decrease the magnification level for the diagram
100%	Set zoom level	Enter a percentage scale for zooming the diagram, or select one of the pre-set levels using the drop down list.
	Entity Level Display	Changes the diagram to display only Entity names (i.e. no Attributes are displayed)
-	Primary Key Level Display	Changes the diagram to display only Primary Key attributes
2	Primary and Foreign Key Level Display	Changes the diagram to display only Primary and Foreign Key attributes
	All Attribute Level Display	Changes the diagram to display all Attributes
*	Star Layout	Auto-layout the diagram in a Star-schema style
*	Orthogonal Layout	Auto-layout the diagram using an Orthogonal approach
la.	Update Links	Adjust the relationships lines for optimal layout

ER Diagrammer has its own toolbar. The available options are described in the table below.

The ER Diagrammer Right Mouse Click Menu

A Right Mouse Click on the diagram will show a pop-up menu with a range of options for refining the model display.

	Zoom Tools	•
	Model Display Level	+
	Model Display Type	•
	Model Display Notation	+
	Entity Display	+
	View Display	+
	Key Display	+
	Hide Selected Objects	Del
	Undo Last	Ctrl+Z
	Undo All	Shift+Ctrl+Z
	Copy to Clipboard as Metafile	Ctrl+C
	Show Ruler	
	Autolayout	۱.
<	AutoSize by Text Length	
ER Di	agrammer Right Mouse Click menu	

This menu is context sensitive. All available options are summarized in the following table:

Menu	Sub-menu	Details
Zoom tools	Zoom In	Changes the cursor to the 'Zoom in' tool.
	Zoom Out	Changes the cursor to the 'Zoom out' tool.
	Fit Model	Fits the diagram into the available ER Diagrammer work space
	Fit Selection	Fits the diagram to encompass selected objects. If no objects are selected, the behaviour is the same as for 'Fit Model'
Model Display Level	Entity	Changes the diagram to display only Entity names (i.e. no Attributes are displayed)
	Primary Key	Changes the diagram to display only Primary Key attributes
	Primary and Foreign Keys	Changes the diagram to display only Primary and Foreign Key attributes
	All Attributes	Changes the diagram to display all Attributes
Model Display Type	Logical	Display Logical Entity and Attribute names on the diagram
	Physical	Display Physical Entity and Attribute names on the diagram

	Logical/Physical	Display both Logical and Physical Entity and Attribute names on the diagram
Model Display Notation	Information Engineering	Use Information Engineering for the model notation
	IDEF1X	Use IDEF1X for the model notation
Entity Display	Domain	For each Entity in the model, show the Domain name of each Attribute
	Datatype	For each Entity in the model, show the Data type of each Attribute
View Display	Datatype	For each View in the model, show the Data type of each Attribute
	Null Option	For each View in the model, show the Nullability of each Attribute
	Domain	For each View in the model, show the Domain name of each Attribute
	Expression	For each View in the model, where an Attribute is a calculated field, show the Expression for that field
Key Display	Primary Key Designator	Show the Primary Key Designator ('PK') for each Primary Key Attribute
	Foreign Key Designator	Show the Foreign Key Designator ('FK') for each Foreign Key Attribute
	Primary Key Icon	Show the Primary Key Icon for each Primary Key Attribute
	Foreign Key Icon	Show the Foreign Key Icon for each Foreign Key Attribute
Hide Selected Objects		Hide objects on the diagram, previously selected using standard Windows selection techniques (e.g. Shift Click on each object)
Undo Last		Undo the most recent 'Hide' activity
Undo All		Undo all 'Hide' activities
Copy to Clipboard as Metafile		Copy the diagram to the Windows Clipboard (e.g. for subsequent pasting into a Word Document)
Show Ruler		Toggle the diagram ruler
Autolayout	Star	Auto-layout the diagram in a Star-schema style
	Orthogonal	Auto-layout the diagram using an Orthogonal approach
	Update Links only	Adjust the relationships lines for optimal layout
Autosize by Text Length		Resizes the Entity boxes based upon the length of the Entity name.

Creating Metadata Reports

Another of the optional export formats available with the product enables the production of a metadata report in Microsoft Excel format.

To create the report, use the Export Wizard, as described above, and select the 'Metadata Report' radio button.

Export Data Model As			—		\times
🕞 Export Data Mode	l Wizard				
Step 2: Export Subject Areas	; To				
Please select where to export t	he subject areas and define the export se	ettings.			
Export To					
() erwin					
◯ ER/Studio	O System Architect				
O Safyr ER Diagrammer	◯ IBM InfoSphere Data Architect				
O Comparison File	◯ Generic XML				
Metadata Report	🔾 Collibra				
O CSV File	O Informatica EDC				
File Name and Location		,			
Metadata Report File Name (E	ivcel)				
C:\temp\metadatareport.xlsx					
er temp the addres oper crysts					
		-			
< Back Next >				Can	cel

Safyr Metadata Report

Then use the file selector to specify the location and name of the Excel spreadsheet to be created.

After clicking the 'Next' button, the Report Settings screen will be shown.

Export Data Model As		—		×
Export Data Model Wizar	rd			
Step 2a: Define Metadata Report Se Please select the report to export and d				_
Available Reports Image: Additional system of the syste	Available Report Data for: Table Fields Table Name Table Logical Name Field Name Short Desc. Position Key Field Mandatory Marked Parent Table Parent Field Data Element Name Domain Name Data Type ERP Length Decimals			
< Back Next >			Can	cel

Metadata Report Settings

Select the Reports required using the set of check boxes in the left panel, and for each use the check boxes on the right to choose the attributes required for each type of object.

Click Next to proceed with the report creation. An Excel spreadsheet will then be created, with a separate tab for each type of report selected.

	🚽 () + (≥ - -	;			me	tadatarepor	t.xlsx - Microsoft	Excel				X
F	ile Ho	me	Insert Page Layo	ut Fo	rmulas D	Data Revi	ew Vie	w Add-Ins	QuickBo	ooks		۵ 🕜 🗆	e X
Pas	ite	Calibri 18 <i>I</i>		A A • <u>A</u> •			Gen	eral ▼ % ・ 100 Number	.00 Con	ditional Format Cell natting * as Table * Styles *	Ere Insert ▼ Σ Promet ▼ Ere ▼ Format ▼ 2 ▼ Cells	Sort & Find & Filter - Select Editing	
	B37		▼ (f _x										^ 4 V
	А			В			С	D		E	F	G	^
1	Safyr	Tal	bles										
2	-												
3	Table Nan	ne Sh	ort Desc.				Туре	Phys. Name		No. of Parent Tables	No. of Child Table	s Row Count	
4	F0010	Co	mpany Constants				Standard	JDEDATA910.F	0010	383		0 28	
5	F01161DW	V Cu	stomer Alternate A	Address E	Export		Standard	JDEDATA910.F	01161DW	V O)	0 0	=
6	F03012	Cu	stomer Master by I	Line of B	usiness		Standard	JDEDATA910.F	03012	4	ļ i	0 231	
7	F03012T	Cu	stomer Master by I	Line of B	usiness Tag	Table	Standard	JDEDATA910.F	03012T	C)	0 0	
8	F03012Z1	Cu	stomer Master LOB	B-Batch T	able		Standard	JDEDATA910.F	03012Z1	C)	0 628	
9	F03B11	Cu	stomer Ledger				Standard	JDEDATA910.F	03B11	2	1	0 969	
10	F03B11P	Cu	stomer Ledger Pur	ge File			Standard	JDEDATA910.F	03B11P	C)	0 0	
11	F03B31	Cu	stomer Activity Log	3			Standard	JDEDATA910.F	03B31	C	1	0 152	
12	F0401		pplier Master				Standard	JDEDATA910.F	0401	5	i i	0 226	
13	F0411		counts Payable Leo	·				JDEDATA910.F		4	•	0 573	
14	F0413		counts Payable - M				Standard	JDEDATA910.F	0413	13	1	0 67	
15	F0414		counts Payable Ma				Standard	JDEDATA910.F	0414	0		0 115	
	F0417		P Payments - Defa			2		JDEDATA910.F		1		0 27	
17	F04571		P Payment Process				Standard	JDEDATA910.F	04571	20		0 16	
18	F04572	A/	P Payment Process	ing - Sun	nmary		Standard	JDEDATA910.F	04572	0		0 50	
	F04573		P Payment Process				Standard	JDEDATA910.F		0		0 179	-
Rea		Ta Ta	ables / Table Fields	Domai	ns 🤇 🐑 🖉						Ⅲ Ⅲ Ⅲ 100% —		+ +
Кеа	ay 🛄											0	U.,;

Comparing metadata

Describes how to use the Safyr compare feature to identify differences between subject areas

The Safyr Compare Subject Areas option enables metadata from two different Safyr repositories to be reviewed and analyzed. The two systems might be different release levels, or different installations.

The feature requires the user to export one or more Safyr subject areas into a special comparison file format for each of the systems to be compared. The comparison function then takes these comparison files and reports the differences via a text-based comparison report.

Two Repositories will need to be defined for the two differing sets of metadata before the comparison can take place (see Chapter :The Repository Manager for details of configuring repositories).

Creating a Comparison File

One of the 'Export To' radio buttons on the Export Wizard is 'Comparison File'. Selection of this will create a special comparison file for use by the Compare routines.

To create a comparison file, create and populate one or more Safyr subject areas as per normal. Use these subject areas in the Export Wizard and check 'Comparison file' as the export format.

A file selection form will request the name and location for a .MTA file which forms the Comparison Details file.

Now switch to another repository, define and export a similar subject area set. The two .MTA files will now be ready for comparison.

Note: The comparison result will show differences between the two systems. Identical objects will not therefore appear in the result.

Please select where to export t Export To	the subject areas and define the export se	ettings.	
⊖ erwin			
◯ ER/Studio	◯ System Architect		
○ Safyr ER Diagrammer	◯ IBM InfoSphere Data Architect		
Comparison File	Generic XML		
O Metadata Report	🔿 Collibra		
CSV File	 Informatica EDC 		
File Name and Location MTA File Name C:\temp\sapecca.mta			

Choosing the Comparison File format in the Export Wizard

Performing the Subject Area comparison

The Comparison feature is accessed from the Tools Menu, 'Compare Subject Areas'.

Compare Subject Areas	—		\times
Compare Options			
Choose Comparison Files:			
Model A: C:\temp\Comparison Files\sapecc.mta			
Model B: C:\temp\Comparison Files\saphana.mta			
Select Comparison Areas:			
Compare Area			
🖃 🗌 Compare Domains			
Log Missing Domain			
··· 🗖 Logical Name			
ERP Datatype			
UBMS Datatype			
Compare Entities			
Log Missing Entity			
Logical Name			
Compare Views			
Log Missing View			
Compare Attributes			
s	Start	Car	ncel

The Compare Subject Areas form

- Specify the two comparison .mta files to be compared using the file selectors at the top of the form.
- Select the relevant checkboxes in the 'Select Comparison Areas' section that reflect the model areas to be compared. These options are grouped by 'object' type (e.g. 'Compare Entities'). It may be necessary to experiment with these options to achieve the desired comparison result.
- Click the 'Start' button to perform the comparison.

Results of a Comparison

The results of the comparison are displayed in the Compare Results window.

earch for:					
	P :	Search 🛨 🛧			
rea	Туре	Value [Model A]	Value [Model B]	Desc	
Compare Meta Info	info				
Created	$\langle \rangle$	2015-12-15 13:43:29	2015-12-15 13:40:56		
	<>	C:\temp\Comparison Files\customerpaymen	C:\temp\Comparison Files\customerpay		
Safyr Repository	<>	ECC6	SAPSERVER ECC6		
SQLServerType	<>	SQLServerOracle	SQLServerMSSQL		
Compare Entities	info				
	info				
Attributes	info				
USNAM (13)	info			Attr Phys Pos: 14	
Lbl	<>	User Name	User name	case differs	
DUEFL (56)	info			Attr Phys Pos: 57	
PENRC (97)	info			Attr Phys Pos: 98	
···XSPLIT	?-	?	XSPLIT	missing in 'Model A'	
CASH_ALLOC	?-	?	CASH_ALLOC	missing in 'Model A'	
FOLLOW_ON	?-	?	FOLLOW_ON	missing in 'Model A'	
XREORG	?-	?	XREORG	missing in 'Model A'	
SUBSET	?-	?	SUBSET	missing in 'Model A'	
KURST	?-	?	KURST	missing in 'Model A'	
KURSX	?-	?	KURSX	missing in 'Model A'	
- KUR2X	?-	?	KUR2X	missing in 'Model A'	
···KUR3X	?-	?	KUR 3X	missing in 'Model A'	
XMCA	?-	?	XMCA	missing in 'Model A'	
AttributeLinks Count	<>	99	109		
🖨 BSID	info				
Attributes	info				

Results of a Comparison

The comparison result is presented as 5 columns:

Area		This column identifies the object being compared
Туре		Describes the type of comparison result:
	Info	Indicates an information row. The differences are identified at the next subsidiary level. Highlighted in green.
	<>	Indicates that both comparison objects exist in the 2 models but have differences. Highlighted in yellow.
	?-	Object does not exist in Model A and is present in Model B. Highlighted in red.
	-?	Object does not exist in Model B and is present in Model A. Highlighted in red.
Value [Model A]	Value of Model A object	
Value [Model B]	Value of Model B object	
Desc		A supporting description of the comparison

At the top of the window is a 'Search' box for locating items in the 'Area' column. As with other search capabilities in Safyr, the wild card to be used in these searches is the '*' character.

Search for:

To the right of the Search box are three buttons:

Click this to start the search. This will always take place from the beginning of the Compare Result list



Click to search backward from the current location

Expanding the \equiv icon gives access to the following options:

Save results to File To export the Comparison Result to a flat file

Collapse Tree To collapse all nodes of the comparison tree

Expand Tree To expand all nodes of the comparison tree

Special Product Features for SAP BW

Describes features in Safyr that are specific to working with metadata from a SAP BW system

SAP BW is a particular type of SAP system, largely orientated around the representation of multidimensional 'objects' for BI purposes. The main aim of the Safyr features for a SAP BW instance is to represent BW InfoProviders and their associated data structures.

Once the metadata from a SAP BW system has been loaded into Safyr, there are a number of BW-specific features that make the process of exploring easier.

Suppressing the Physical Model for a BW system

The 'physical' representation of metadata for BW objects can be complex and challenging to understand. Many Safyr users will find that the 'logical' representation of the metadata is sufficient for their requirements.

The Extraction options for SAP BW (see 'Extracting metadata from SAP or SAP BW' in the Safyr Getting Started Guide) include an option to retain only the 'logical' representation of the BW metadata and to remove the 'physical' metadata representations during the extraction process. This option is checked 'on' by default.

Uncheck this option at extract time if you wish to retain the physical BW metadata definitions.

Extraction Steps						
Please define the extraction steps below.						
Steps						
 Log Source DB Physical Connection Clear affected repository tables or recreate the whole repository Log Repository DB Physical Connection Prepare the Repository Environment (after deleting unused data) DD_LANGUAGES / Fill Languages Initialize Language Environment from DD_LANGUAGES Transfer basic information of Tables, Fields, DataElements and Domains Transfer Cubes Transfer InfoObjects Transfer Dimensions of the Cubes Dimension and Characteristics (cleanup) RSDIPROIOBJT / Overwrite InfoObject Labels for InfoProviders (Cubes and DSOs) Transfer Views Physical InfoArea Tree DD_STATISTICS / Statistics Transp Tables (Has Data) Prefix all Missing Table Descriptions Greate Logical Facto, Dimension and Characteristics 						
Reorganisation of Repository after Extract						

SAP BW Extraction option to retain only the Logical metadata definitions

The Model Overview and BW

BW metadata appears in the Model Overview in the same manner as for any other system handled by Safyr with one exception, and that is the usage of Table Type.

The Table Type in a Safyr BW system describes the purpose of the table. The possible values are shown in the table below.

Table	Description
BW Fact (DB)	Fact Table (Database)
BW Fact Virt (DB)	Fact Table for a Virtual-Provider (Database)
BW Dim (DB)	Dimension Table (Database)
BW Charact.SID View (DB)	A View table that acts as an intersection between a SID table and a Dimension (Database)
BW Charact. SID (DB)	Characteristic SID table (Database)
BW Charact.Master Data (DB)	Table defining the attributes of a Characteristic (Database)
BW Charact.Master Data time dep.(DB)	Table defining the attributes of a Time-dependent Characteristic (Database)
BW Charact.Text (DB)	Table defining the text attributes of a Characteristic (Database)
BW Charact.SID time indep (DB)r	Table defining a time-independent Characteristic (Database)
BW Charact.SID time dep (DB)r	Table defining a time-dependent Characteristic (Database)
BW Charact. Hierarchy (DB)	Table defining a Characteristic Hierarchy (Database)
BW Charact. Hierarchy SID (DB)	Table defining a Characteristic Hierarchy SID (Database)
BW Charact. SID Hierarchy Struct (DB)	Table defining a Characteristic SID Hierarchy Structure (Database)
BW DSO (DB)	A DSO table (Data Store Object) - Database
BW Cube	A 'virtual' table that presents a Logical view of a BW Cube
BW Cube Virt	A 'virtual' table that presents a Logical view of a Virtual Provider
BW Characteristic	A 'virtual' table that presents a Logical view of a Characteristic
BW DSO	A 'virtual' table that represents a Logical view of a DSO

BW Query	A 'virtual' table that represents a BW Query
BW InfoSource	A 'virtual' table that represents a BW InfoSource
BW DataSource	A 'virtual' table that represents a BW DataSource
BW Open Hub Destination	A 'virtual' table that represents a BW Open Hub Destination
BW Aggregation Level	A 'virtual' table that represents a BW Aggregation Level

In addition, for a HANA-based SAP BW system:

Table	Description
BW Adv. DSO	A 'virtual' table that represents a Logical view of an Advanced DSO
BW Composite Provider	A 'virtual' table that represents a HANA Composite Provider
BW Open ODS View	A 'virtual' table that represents an Open ODS View
BW HANA Calculation View	A HANA Calculation View used by other InfoProviders in the system

Using Advanced Search to select BW Table types

The Advanced Search feature 'Standard filter' tab (see Chapter: Browsing the metadata in Safyr - for more details), has a Table Type dropdown list that, for a BW system, displays the possible Table Types listed in the table above.

SPECIAL PRODUCT FEATURES FOR SAP BW

Filter Tables by		×
Standard Filter Sea	arch for Field Patterns Extended Filter	
Table Name ~ Short Description ~ <u>Table Type</u> = No. of Parent Tbls _ Long Description ~ Tech Description ~ Contains Fields with: ~ Field Name ~ Short Description ~ Data Elmnt Name = Long Description ~ Tech Description ~	BW Charact. SID V Physical Tbl Name BW Charact. SID View (DB) BW Charact. SID (DB) BW Charact. Master Data (DB) BW Charact. Master Data time dep. (DB) BW Charact. SID time indep. (DB) BW Charact.SID time dep. (DB) BW Charact. Hierarchy (DB) BW Charact. Hierarchy SID (DB) BW Charact. SID Hierarchy Struct (DB) BW Charact.SID Hierarchy Struct (DB) BW Characteristic	Row Count >=
Subject Area:		
in:		▼
Clear Filter		Ok Cancel

Advanced Search showing BW Table Types

The Table Type selection can be used in combination with any of the other search features to limit the range of tables displayed in the Model Overview.

The Application Hierarchy and BW

There are potentially three Application Hierarchies created in Safyr for BW.

These are:

Logical InfoArea Tree This tree shows the hierarchy of InfoAreas with the 'virtual' BW 'objects' as the lowest node level.

Physical InfoArea Tree This tree shows the hierarchy of InfoAreas with the 'physical' BW 'objects' such as Fact tables (F prefix) as the lowest node level.

Logical Application Component Tree This tree shows DataSources (for BW Classic and BW HANA systems) and InfoSources, (for BW Classic systems only) grouped by Application Component

Note: The Physical InfoArea Tree will not be present if the Extraction option to remove the 'Physical' BW metadata was used (see 'Suppressing the Physical Model for a BW system' above).

Choosing which Hierarchy to Use

The purpose of the hierarchies for BW is to aid in the location of the 'objects' that will be the focus of the required Subject Area. If the Subject Area is to show a 'physical' representation of a cube, with all the tables that are involved, then the Physical InfoArea Tree is the one to use.

If the Subject Area to be a 'logical' representation of objects, then Logical InfoArea Tree would be the start point.

And if the focus of the Subject Area is around DataSource and InfoSources, then the Application Component Tree is a good starting point.

Lineage for BW

An important aspect of understanding the metadata in a SAP BW system is to reveal the 'lineage' of data as it flows through the BW system.

Safyr shows this lineage information using options on the 'Table-Info' tab.

The 'Based on' tab will show any BW objects that are the basis of the current object (e.g. A Query based on a Cube)

The 'Used by' tab will show any BW objects that utilize the current object (e.g. A Cube used by a Query)

Table Details: DSRC: 0C0_0M_CCA_20 (FASCLNT210) Cost Centers: Costs and Allocations			
Table-Info	III Fields	📥 Relationships	Indexes
rable-into			
Table Name:	DSRC: 0CO_OM_CO	CA_20 (FASCLNT210)	
Short Description:	Cost Centers: Cost	s and Allocations	
Table Type:	BW DataSource		
Physical Tbl Name:			
No of Parent Tbls:	0	No of child Tbls:	0 Row Count: -1
Long Description:			
		Ι	
		1	
Tech Description:	Object Name = 0C Object Type = DSF		
	Object SubType =	(undefined)	
Metadata Changed:	18/10/2012 17:04:0	00	
Table Links			
Table used in View	Based on	Used by	7
	Dabed on	0.000 0 3	
Table Name		Table Short Descr	Tech Name
V III CUB: OCCA		Cost Centers: Costs and Allo	ocations TRAN: DSRC: 0CO_OM_CCA_20 (FASCLNT210) -> CUB: 0CCA_C20
V 🖽 CUB: 00	-	Cost Centers: Costs and Allo	
		Cost Centers: Costs and Allo	_
		Cost Centers: Costs and Allo	_
QRY: 0CCA_M20/0CCA_ Cost Centers: Costs and Allocations 0CCA_M20 ORY: 0CCA_M20/0CCA_ Cost Centers: Costs and Allocations 0CCA_M20			
V III CUB: 0CCA		Cost Centers: Costs and Allo	-
✓ □ CUB: 0CCA		Cost Centers: Costs and Allo	
		cost centers, costs driu Allo	. –
	Y: OCCA_M20/OCCA_	Cost Centers: Costs and Allo	ocations OCCA M20
		Cost Centers: Costs and Allo Cost Centers: Costs and Allo	_
	Y: 0CCA_M20/0CCA_	Cost Centers: Costs and Allo Cost Centers: Costs and Allo Cost Centers: Costs and Allo	ocations OCCA_M20

'Based on' and ;Used by' options on the Table-Info tab

The 'Based-on' and 'Used by' tabs display a hierarchy of 'lineage' levels.

In the example above, Cube 0CCA_C20 is Used by Cube 0CCA_M20 which is subsequently used by 4 Queries.

Using the Expand feature to extend a BW Subject Area

When building a Subject Area in Safyr for a SAP BW system, including the 'Lineage' for BW 'objects' is often a goal. To facilitate this, Safyr has special features to make it easier to decide which 'lineage' objects to include.

Safyr uses the terms 'Upstream' and 'Downstream' to explain the flow of data through a BW system. For example, a BW Query is 'downstream' from an ADSO because the data 'flows' from the ADSO to the Query. Conversely, a DataSource is 'upstream' from an ADSO because the data flows from the DataSource to the ADSO.

Using this approach, a Subject Area can be Expanded to include Upstream and Downstream objects to a specified level to get a clear and consistent representation of BW metadata.

Expand Subject Area 'Single Cube'		
et Expand levels (SAP BW)		
Follow Lineage		
Upstream to level (99 = all):	1	
Downstream to level (99 = all):	1	
SAP BW InfoObjects		
include to level (99 = all):	1	
Advanced Settings		
Limit to No of entities (0=no limit):	0	
Include original subject area tables/views in result:		
Only include tables containing data:		

Expand options for SAP BW

Possible Settings are: -

- Follow Lineage Upstream to level: This option will include any BW Objects 'upstream' of each member in the Subject Area chosen. The level number dictates how many levels to include. '1' indicates one level upstream, '2' would indicate 2 levels and so on.
- Follow Lineage Downstream to Level: This option will include any BW Objects 'downstream' of each member in the Subject Area. The level number dictates how

many levels to include. '1' indicates one level downstream, '2' would indicate 2 levels and so on.

- SAP BW InfoObjects: The level number dictates how many levels to include. '1' indicates one level upstream, '2' would indicate 2 levels and so on.
- Limit No of entries: This option will limit the number of Tables exported to the specified number. Zero indicates there is no limit.
- Include original Subject Area tables/views in result: The set of tables in the Subject Area that are used as the basis of finding related tables will also be included in the result set if this option is selected.
- Only include tables containing data: The set of tables resulting from the search will be restricted to those that have a Row Count greater than zero.

After setting the options described above, clicking the 'Next' button will start the process of assembling the related table list. The resulting set of tables are then displayed.

See 'Expanding a Subject Area with related Parent or Child tables' above for more details of the Expand feature.

Appendix A. The Safyr Meta Model

Below are descriptions of the Tables that make up the Safyr Meta Model. Each table is briefly described, the attributes listed and comments provided where applicable.

Table Name: DD_DATAELEMENT

Definition: A data element is a definition of an attribute, independent of an entity

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_DATAELEMENTNAME	Data Element Name
DD_DOMAINNAME	Parent Domain Name
DD_ORIGIN	Possible Values – E – from ERP, GE – Generic
	Element (generated by Safyr)
TEMP_EXTRACT_INFO1	
TECH DESC	

 Table Name:
 DD_DATAELEMENT_DESC

 Definition:
 The descriptive text for a Data Element

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_DATAELEMENTNAME	Data Element Name
DD_LANGUAGE_ID	Language Code
SHORT_DESC	
LOGICAL_UNIQUENAME	
LONG_DESC	

Table Name: DD_DOMAIN

Definition: A Domain is a generic definition of an Attribute type

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_DOMAINNAME	Domain Name
DD_DATATYPE	Logical Datatype
DD_DATATYPE_ERP	ERP-specific Datatype
DATA_LENGTH	Datatype length
DATA_DECIMALS	Datatype Decimals
DD_LOOKUP_ENTITYNAME	Name of the associated Entity Lookup table
DD_ORIGIN	Possible Values – E – from ERP, GD – Generic
	Domain (generated by Safyr)
TEMP_EXTRACT_INFO1	
TECH_DESC	

Table Name: DD_DOMAIN_DESC Definition: The descriptive text for a Domain

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_DOMAINNAME	Domain Name
DD_LANGUAGE_ID	Language Code
SHORT_DESC	
LOGICAL_UNIQUENAME	
LONG_DESC	

THE SAFYR META MODEL

Table Name: DD_DOMAINVALUE

Definition: A set of fixed values associated with a Domain

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_DOMAINNAME	Domain Name
DD_DOMAINVALUE_KEY	Domain Value Key
POSIT	
TECH_DESC	

 Table Name:
 DD_DOMAINVALUE_DESC

 Definition:
 The descriptive text for a Domain value

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_DOMAINNAME	Domain Name
DD_DOMAINVALUE_KEY	Domain Value Key
DD_LANGUAGE_ID	Language Code
SHORT_DESC	
LONG_DESC	

Table Name: DD_FIELD

Definition: A Field is an attribute belonging to a Table

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TABLENAME	Table Name
DD_FIELDNAME	Field Name
POSIT	
KEY_FLAG	Indicates a Primary Key field – Possible values are 'Y' or 'N'
MANDATORY	Indicates if Field is Mandatory – Possible values are 'Y' or 'N'
DD_DATAELEMENTNAME	Parent Data Element Name
DD_DOMAINNAME	Parent Domain Name
DD_PARENT_TABLENAME	Where the Fields is a Foreign Key, the Parent Table Name
DD_PARENT_FIELDNAME	Where the Fields is a Foreign Key, the Parent Field Name
DD_FLDGRPNAME	Only relevant to BW systems – Field Group that the Field belongs to
TEMP_EXTRACT_INFO1	
TEMP_EXTRACT_INFO2	
TECH_DESC	

Table Name: DD_FIELD_DESC Definition: The descriptive text for a Field

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TABLENAME	Table Name
DD_FIELDNAME	Field Name
DD_LANGUAGE_ID	Language Code
SHORT_DESC	
LOGICAL_UNIQUENAME	
LONG_DESC	

Table Name: DD_FIELDGRP

Definition: A Field Group is normally only used for SAP BW systems.

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TABLENAME	Table Name
DD_FIELDGRPNAME	Field Group Name
POSIT	

Table Name: DD_FIELDGRP_DESCDefinition: The descriptive text for a Field Group

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TABLENAME	Table Name
DD_FIELDGRPNAME	Field Group Name
DD_LANGUAGE_ID	Language Code
SHORT_DESC	

Table Name: DD_INDEX

Definition: An Index is a definition of a database index for a Table

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TABLENAME	Table Name
DD_INDEXNAME	Index Name
DD_INDEXTYPE	The Index Type – A for Alternate, I for
	Inversion Entry, P for Primary Key Index
TECH_DESC	

Table Name: DD_INDEX_DESC Definition: The descriptive text for an Index

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TABLENAME	Table Name
DD_INDEXNAME	Index Name
DD_LANGUAGE_ID	Language Code
SHORT_DESC	
LONG DESC	

Table Name: DD_INDEXITEM

Definition: An Index Item is a definition of a field that belongs to an Index

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TABLENAME	Table Name
DD_INDEXNAME	Index Name
POSIT	
DD_FIELDNAME	
DESCENDING	Indicates if Index Item is a Descending Index
	Item – possible values are 'Y' or 'N'

Table Name: DD_LANGUAGE

Definition: A definition of a Language for descriptive text fields

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_LANGUAGE_ID	Language Code
SHORT_DESC	

Table Name: DD_RELATIONSHIP

Definition: A Relationship defines a link between two tables

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_RELATIONSHIP_ID	Relationship Id
DD_PARENT_TABLENAME	Parent Table Name
DD_CHILD_TABLENAME	Child Table Name
DD_RELATTYPE	The Relationship Type. I – for Identifying, N for Non-Identifying
DD_CARDINALITY	The Relationship Cardinality. Possible values are: ZM - Zero, one or more
	1M - One or more
	Z1 - Zero or 1 E1 - Exact 1
DD_ORIGIN	The origin of the Relationship. Possible values are 'E' – from the ERP, 'XR' – Extended relationship, 'RR' – Rules Based relationship
TEMP_EXTRACT_INFO1	
TECH_DESC	

Table Name: DD_RELATIONSHIP_DESC Definition: The descriptive text for a Relationship

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_RELATIONSHIP_ID	Relationship Id
DD_LANGUAGE_ID	Language Code
SHORT_DESC	
LONG_DESC	

Table Name: DD_RELATIONSHIPITEM

Definition: A relationship Item is a definition of a Field that belongs to a Relationship

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_RELATIONSHIP_ID	Relationship Id
POSIT	
DD_PARENT_TABLENAME	The Parent Table for the Relationship
DD_PARENT_FIELDNAME	The Parent Field for the Relationship Item
DD_CHILD_TABLENAME	The Child Table for the Relationship
DD_CHILD_FIELDNAME	The Child Field for the Relationship Item
DD_CHILD_FIELDVALUE_FIXED	Where the Relationship Item is to a 'fixed'
	value, the fixed value
TECH_DESC	

Table Name: DD_SUBJECTAREA

Definition: A Subject Area is a grouping of Tables and/or Views

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_SUBJECTAREA_ID	Subject Area Id
DD_SUBJECTAREANAME	
UPDATE_USER	The Windows User that last updated the Subject Area
UPDATE_DATETIME	The Date a& Time the Subject Area was last updated
CREATION_USER	The Windows User that created the Subject Area
CREATION_DATETIME	The Date a& Time the Subject Area was created
REMARK	Free format text to describe the Subject Area

Table Name: DD_SUBJECTAREA_MK_FIELD

Definition: A Marked Field indicates that a Table Field belongs to the designated Subject Area.

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_SUBJECTAREA_ID	Subject Area Id
DD_TABLENAME	Table Name
DD_FIELDNAME	Field Name

Table Name: DD_SUBJECTAREA_MK_VFIELD

Definition: A Marked Field indicates that a View Field belongs to the designated Subject Area.

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_SUBJECTAREA_ID	Subject Area Id
DD_VIEWTYPE	Determined by the ERP type
DD_VIEWNAME	View Name
DD_VIEWFIELDNAME	View Field Name

Table Name: DD_SUBJECTAREA_TABLE

Definition: An intersect table between a Subject Area and a Table

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_SUBJECTAREA_ID	Subject Area Id
DD_TABLENAME	Table Name

Table Name: DD_SUBJECTAREA_VIEW

Definition: An intersect table between a Subject Area and a View

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_SUBJECTAREA_ID	Subject Area Id
DD_VIEWTYPE	Determined by the ERP type
DD_VIEWNAME	View Name

Table Name: DD_TABLE

Definition: A table is a definition of a database Base Table

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TABLENAME	Table Name
DD_TABLETYPE	The Table Type – T – Transparent, P – Pool, C
	- Cluster (P & C values are only relevant to
	SAP).
PHYSICAL_TABLENAME	Physical Table Name
NUMBER_OF_PARENT_TABLES	
NUMBER_OF_CHILD_TABLES	
HAS_DATA	Row Count, if available
TEMP_EXTRACT_INFO1	
TEMP_EXTRACT_INFO2	
TECH_DESC	

Table Name: DD_TABLE_DESCDefinition: The descriptive text for a Table

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TABLENAME	Table Name
DD_LANGUAGE_ID	Language Code
SHORT_DESC	
LOGICAL_UNIQUENAME	
LONG_DESC	

Table Name: DD_TREE

Definition: A definition of a Tree Type for the Application Hierarchy

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TREE_ID	Tree Id
DD ROOTNODE ID	

Table Name: DD_TREE_DESC

Definition: The descriptive text for a Tree type

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TREE_ID	Tree Id
DD_LANGUAGE_ID	Language Code
SHORT_DESC	

Table Name: DD_TREENODE

Definition: A definition of a Tree Node within the Application Hierarchy

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TREE_ID	Tree Id
DD_TREENODE_ID	
DD_TREENODECLASS_ID	
HAS_CHILDNODES	Indicates if there are Nodes below current level – possible values are 'Y' or 'N'
HAS_TREENODE_TABLES	Indicates if there are Nodes containing Tables associated with this Node – possible values are 'Y' or 'N'
HAS_TREENODE_VIEWS	Indicates if there are Nodes containing Views associated with this Node – possible values are 'Y' or 'N'
TEMP_EXTRACT_INFO1	
TEMP_EXTRACT_INFO2	

Table Name: DD_TREENODE_DESCDefinition: The descriptive text for a Tree Node

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TREE_ID	Tree Id
DD_TREENODE_ID	Tree Node Id
DD_LANGUAGE_ID	Language Code
SHORT_DESC	

Table Name: DD_TREENODE_TABLE Definition: An intersect between a Tree Node and a Table

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TREE_ID	Tree Id
DD_TREENODE_ID	Tree Node Id
DD_TABLENAME	Table Name

Table Name: DD_TREENODE_VIEW

Definition: An intersect between a Tree Node and a View

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TREE_ID	Tree Id
DD_TREENODE_ID	Tree Node Id
DD_VIEWTYPE	Determined by the ERP Type
DD_VIEWNAME	View Name

Table Name: DD_TREENODECLASS Definition: A classification of a Tree Node

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TREE_ID	Tree Id
DD_TREENODECLASS_ID	Tree Node Class Id
ICON_ID	Indicates the type of icon to be used for this Tree Node Class
DELETEIFHASNOCHILDS	Should this Tree Node type be deleted if there are no levels below it. Possible values are 'Y' or 'N'

Table Name: DD_TREENODECLASS_DESCDefinition: The descriptive text for a Tree Node Class

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TREE_ID	Tree Id
DD_TREENODECLASS_ID	Tree Node Class Id
DD_LANGUAGE_ID	Language Code
SHORT_DESC	
DESC_SUFFIX	

Table Name: DD_TREESTRUCT

Definition: The link between a Parent and Child Node in a Tree

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_TREE_ID	Tree Id
DD_PARENTNODE_ID	Id of Parent Node
DD_CHILDNODE_ID	Id of Child Node
TEMP EXTRACT INFO1	

Table Name: DD_VIEW

Definition: Details of each View (a View can be a Database View, or an 'abstracted view')

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_VIEWTYPE	Determined by the ERP Type
DD_VIEWNAME	View Name
TEMP_EXTRACT_INFO1	
TECH DESC	

Table Name: DD_VIEW_DESCDefinition: The descriptive text for a View

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_VIEWTYPE	Determined by the ERP Type
DD_VIEWNAME	View Name
DD_LANGUAGE_ID	Language Code
SHORT_DESC	
LOGICAL_UNIQUENAME	
LONG_DESC	

Table Name: DD_VIEWFIELDDefinition: A View Field is an attribute of a View

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment		
DD_VIEWTYPE	Determined by the ERP Type		
DD_VIEWNAME	View Name		
DD_VIEWFIELDNAME	View Field Name		
POSIT			
DD_VIEWFIELDTYPE	The View Field type. Possible values are:		
	UK -Undefined		
	TB – maps to a Table		
	VW – maps to another View		
	CL – Calculated Field		
DD_TABLENAME	Table Name		
DD_FIELDNAME	Field Name		
DD_PARENT_VIEWTYPE	(For a future release of Safyr)		
DD_PARENT_VIEWNAME	Where a View Field is based upon another		
	View, the View Name of that Parent		
DD_PARENT_VIEWFIELDNAME	Where a View Field is based upon another		
	View, the View Field Name of that Parent		
DD_DATAELEMENTNAME	Parent Data Element Name		
TEMP_EXTRACT_INFO1			
TECH_DESC			

Table Name: DD_VIEWFIELD_DESCDefinition: The descriptive text for a View Field

Table Column Name	Table Column Comment
DD_VIEWTYPE	Determined by the ERP Type
DD_VIEWNAME	View Name
DD_VIEWFIELDNAME	View Field Name
DD_LANGUAGE_ID	Language Code
SHORT_DESC	
LOGICAL_UNIQUENAME	
LONG_DESC	

Appendix B. Adding Additional Relationships

Details of the Safyr features for creating additional relationships based upon a series of spreadsheet-based rules and inference rules

Safyr creates relationships for a PeopleSoft system by looking at the relationships defined in the PeopleSoft data dictionary. However, there are a number of relationships not explicitly defined in these tables.

For a JDEdwards system, there are no relationships explicitly defined in the Data Dictionary. For both of these environments, Safyr users can extend the relationships extracted from the ERP by defining relationship creation rules in the SafyrSettings.xlsx spreadsheet. Safyr refers to these relationships as 'Rule Based Relationships'. Whilst SAP has a large complement of defined relationships, in some of the newer SAP modules, some of the expected relationships are absent from the data dictionary, and so Safyr also has the capability to allow 'rule based relationships' to be defined for a SAP system.

In addition, Safyr has an inference process which can create relationships for SAP, PeopleSoft and JDEdwards. Safyr refers to these as 'Extended Relationships'.

The following sections describe these features in detail.

Understanding the PeopleSoft, JDEdwards and SAP rules spreadsheets

The SafyrSettings.xlsx Excel spreadsheet is located in the Safyr installation folder (normally \<Program Files>\Silwood\Safyr 8\). There are three sheets in the spreadsheet for influencing the relationship creation process: PSoftRuleBasedRelationships for PeopleSoft, JDEDRuleBasedRelationships for JDEdwards and SAPRuleBasedRelationships for SAP. The PeopleSoft rules sheet has a layout as shown in the following example. The JDEdwards and SAP sheets have an identical layout.

	А	В	С	D	E	
1	ChildTableName	ChildFieldNames	ParentTableName	RuleNotActive	ExtRelGenParent	Remark
2	AAP_YEAR_GOALS		AAP_YEAR			
3	AAP_YEAR_JOBGRP		AAP_YEAR			
4	AAP_YEAR_JG_GLS		AAP_YEAR_JOBGRP			
5	VENDOR_ADDR		VENDOR		x	
6	VENDOR_ADDR_LNG	+EFFDT	VENDOR_ADDR	Х		
7	VENDOR_ADDR_PHN		VENDOR_ADDR			
8	VENDOR_ADDR_TMP		VENDOR_ADDR			
9	VENDOR_CNTCT		VENDOR			
10	VENDOR_LOC		VENDOR			
11	VENDOR_LOC_TMP		VENDOR_LOC			
12	VENDOR_PAY		VENDOR_LOC			
13	VENDOR_PAY_TMP		VENDOR_PAY			
14	VENDOR_POLICY		VENDOR			
15	VENDOR_SF_TBL	SETID;VENDOR_ID;	VENDOR			
16	VENDOR_SF_TBL	EXT_ORG_ID;*;	VENDOR			
17	EPPCM_CATG_HIER		EPPCM_CATEGORY			
18	EPPCM_CATG_HIER	EPPCM_PARPORTALNM;EPPCM_PARCATGID;	EPPCM_CATEGORY			
H.	DataTypeMapping	ERP Type Naming / ERP Type Languages PSoft Rule Based Relation	onship	Ш		▶ []

PeopleSoft Rules Sheet of SafyrSettings.xlsx

The spreadsheet columns are as follows:

- ChildTableName: The name of the Child table for the relationship.
- ChildFieldNames: See 'Defining a Rule' below for details of the possible values.
- ParentTableName: The name of the Parent table for the relationship.
- RuleNotActive: If blank, then the rule is active. If 'X' then the rule will be ignored.
- ExtGenRelParent: Used by the Extended Relationship generation process (See 'Influencing the Extended Relationship generation process for PeopleSoft and JDEdwards relationships' below for details).
- Remark: A free-format comment area for entry of optional notes describing the rule

When the PeopleSoft, JDEdwards or SAP Extraction process is run (see 'Extracting metadata from PeopleSoft Enterprise', 'Extracting metadata from JDEdwards EnterpriseOne' or 'Extracting metadata from SAP' in the Safyr Getting Started Guide), if the user has elected to include Rulesbased relationships, each entry in this sheet is processed and a relationship added (subject to the details being correct).

Special Considerations for PeopleSoft Relationships

Many PeopleSoft tables have fields EFFDT, EFFSEQ and SETID, which have particular purposes in the PeopleSoft architecture. Safyr will ignore these fields when building a relationship as they are not truly part of a logical relationship between tables.

Defining a Rule

To define a new rule, decide which tables the relationship is to be between. Then add a new row to the spreadsheet, enter the name of the Parent table in the ParentTableName and the name of the Child table in the ChildTableName. The content of the ChildFieldNames will depend upon the nature of the relationship. Possible values for ChildFieldNames are as follows:

Leave blank to have a relationship built matching all the Primary Key attributes of the Parent Table with correspondingly-named attributes in the Child Table. (Note: for a PeopleSoft system, this will exclude fields named EFFDT, EFFSEQ and SETID – see 'Special Considerations for PeopleSoft relationships' above).

MYFIELD1;MYFIELD2 A list of the child field names that the Parent Primary Key fields are to be matched with. The field names must be in the same order as the Primary Key fields in the parent table. (Note: for a PeopleSoft system, the optional fields EFFDT, EFFSEQ and SETID cannot be specified).

*;;MYFIELD3 * or ;; define fields within the parent table that do not have a corresponding field in the child table.

'X';MYFIELD2 'X' (any simple string can be used) is a fixed value in the Parent table not having a corresponding field in the child table

+REPLLAST;MYROLENAME; Uses the default field mapping between Parent and Child fields but replaces the last field name in with the field MYROLENAME.

+EFFDT Only applicable to PeopleSoft - EFFDT will be included explicitly in the relationship

+EFFSEQ Only applicable to PeopleSoft - EFFSEQ will be included explicitly in the relationship

+SETID Only applicable to PeopleSoft - SETID will be included explicitly in the relationship

Examples of using the rules

1) RoleNames

'Parent' table with Primary Key fields ParentA, ParentB, ParentC. 'Child' table fields of ChildA, ChildB, ChildC.

To form a relationship where ParentA maps to ChildA, ParentB to ChildB and ParentC to ChildC the ChildFieldNames would contain:

ChildA;ChildB;ChildC

2) Partial-Relationships

Same Parent and Child tables as example (1) but the relationship is to be formed from ParentA mapping to ChildA and ParentC to ChildC. In this case the ChildFieldNames would contain:

ChildA;*;ChildC (ChildA;;ChildC would have the same result)

3) Last-Attribute-Rolenamed

'Parent' table with Primary Key fields AAA, BBB, CCC. 'Child' table fields of AAA, BBB, TTT.

To form a relationship where AAA maps to AAA, BBB to BBB and CCC to TTT the ChildFieldNames would contain:

+REPLAST;TTT

4) Include-optional-Attributes Parent' table with Primary Key fields SETID, BBB. 'Child' table fields of SETID, BBB.

To form a relationship where SETID maps to SETID and BBB to BBB the ChildFieldNames would contain:

+SETID

Adding rules to the spreadsheet

Safyr users may want to add rules to the spreadsheet in order to create additional relationships in the Safyr repository.

There are two options for locating the version of the spreadsheet that is to be changed by adding these relationships:

Copy the SafyrSetting.xlsx and use this to create a copy named SafyrSettings_Cust.xlsx in the Safyr installation folder. Then add the required rules to this SafyrSettings_Cust.xlsx spreadsheet.

When the Safyr application is started, if the file SafyrSettings_Cust.xlsx exists, then this will be used instead of the delivered SafyrSetting.xlsx file.

or

Locate the SafyrSettings.xlsx in the same location as the Safyr .ini file (see 'the repository .ini file location' in the Chapter : The Repository Manager).

When the Safyr application is started, if SafyrSettings.xlsx exists in the same location as the .ini file, then this will be used instead of the delivered SafyrSetting.xlsx file.

Running an update to process new rules

Rules added to the spreadsheet are actioned by running the ERP Extraction process. However, it is not necessary to run the entire extraction of metadata each time, the extraction options can be set to only process the relationship creation elements of the extraction process.

From the Extraction Steps screen of the PeopleSoft, JDEdwards or SAP Extraction Wizard, check the 'Generate Rules Based Relationships' checkbox and then Right Mouse Click. Now choose 'Select Start Step and Required Steps'

PeopleSoft Enterprise Extraction Wizard	J
Extract PeopleSoft Enterprise Data	
Extraction Steps	
Please define the extraction steps below.	
Steps	
 Log Source DB Physical Connection Check PeopleSoft Enterprise Environment Clear affected repository tables or recreate the whole repository Log Repository DB Physical Connection Prepare the Repository Environment (after deleting unused data) DD_LANGUAGES / Fill Languages Initialize Language Environment from DD_LANGUAGES Domain DataElement Description (default language) DataElement Description (additonal languages) Table Table Description (default language) Check of DD_DOMAIN / check if DD_LOOKUP_ENTITYNAME exists Fields and Indices Sync DD_FIELD / get DD_DOMAINNAMES from DD_DATAELEMENTS Field Description (additional languages) Application Hierarchy Statistics for Transp Tables (Has Data) Delete Tables without Fields Sync DD_FIELD Key Flags with Primary Key IndexMembers Reorganisation of Repository after Extract Generate ERP Based Relationships 	
Genera Select Start Step and Required Steps	
Select All Unselect All	
< Back Next > Cancel	

Using Right Mouse click to select the Starting Step for Extraction

This will set all the necessary steps for the extraction process to process the Rules. Now proceed with the extraction as normal.

G	Extract PeopleSoft Enterprise Data
Ext	traction Steps
Pl	ease define the extraction steps below.
5	Steps
	✓ Log Source DB Physical Connection ✓ Check PeopleSoft Enterprise Environment ✓ Clear affected repository tables or recreate the whole repository ✓ Log Repository DB Physical Connection Ø Prepare the Repository Environment (after deleting unused data) DD_LANGUAGES / Fill Languages ✓ Initialize Language Environment from DD_LANGUAGES Domain DataElement DataElement Description (default language) DataElement Description (default languages) Table Table Description (default languages) Check of DD_DOMAIN / check if DD_LOOKUP_ENTITYNAME exists Field Description (additonal languages) Field Description (default language) Field Description (additonal languages) Check of DD_DOMAIN / check if DD_LOOKUP_ENTITYNAME exists Field Description (additonal language) Field Description (additonal language) Field Description (additonal language) Statistics for Transp Tables (Has Data) Delete Tables without Fields Sync DD_FIELD Key Flags with Primary Key IndexMembers Reorganisation of Repository after Extract Ø Generate Extended Relationships
	< Back Next > Cancel

Extraction Options after selecting Starting Step for Rule Based relationships

What happens if a spreadsheet rule conflicts with an Existing Relationship?

If at least one rule-based relationships is identifying for a child-table, than all other identifying relationships (ERP-derived or Extended) are removed for that child-table.

This is an implicit 'Delete' function to allow an existing relationship to be replaced by a user-defined rule.

Method for Generating Extended Relationships

This 'Extended Relationship' process involves an automatic search for possible pairings of Primary and Foreign Keys. The process involves up to 6 passes through the Safyr Repository.

For SAP, only pass 1 is applicable. For PeopleSoft Enterprise, only the first 3 passes are applicable, and J.D. Edwards EnterpriseOne systems will require all 6 passes

Pass 1: identifying relationships

The first phase, involves selecting all Tables with at least 2 Primary Key Fields (for SAP, where the first Primary Key field has the physical name of 'MANDT', or for PeopleSoft where the first Primary Key field has the physical name of 'SETID', the selection will be for at least 3 Primary Key Fields). The last field in the Primary Key must not be part of any existing Relationship. These form the set of potential 'Child Tables' for identifying relationships.

For each of the tables in this set, a search is made for a match of 'all the Primary Key-Fields minus the last Primary Key field' for a parent table with the same set and order of fields. These are potential Parents of a 1:N-identifying relationship.

In addition to the above criteria:

- For SAP and PeopleSoft: only Parents with existing 'Children' are selected.
- For J.D. Edwards EnterpriseOne: only Parent-Child-Relationships that are represented by a join in the EnterpriseOne 'Business Views' are considered.

Given the above criteria, if exactly 1 Parent is found, then a relationship is added.

If more than 1 potential parent is found then:

For SAP: the parent table showing to the Default Domain Lookup Table is selected.

If the 'potential parent' already has its own 'Parent' based upon the same 'field set' then this same relationship is also applied to the child (For example if Table A is already a parent to Table B and a potential child table (Table C) to Table B is found with the same potential foreign key, then Table C is made a child of Table A, not Table B.

For J.D. Edwards EnterpriseOne: if the first 3 Characters of the Table Names of the two tables correspond then this Parent is chosen.

For PeopleSoft:: reference is made to the 'PSOFTHINTS' area of the Safyr.ini file to see if there is a preferred parent listed (see the section 'Influencing the generation of additional PeopleSoft relationships' below). If no 'parent' is found in the .ini file, then the first of the available potential parents is chosen.

These steps are then repeated for smaller sets of Primary Key-Fields down to:

- J.D Edwards EnterpriseOne: 1 Field.
- SAP: If Primary Key-Field 1 is MANDT then MANDT plus 1 Field, otherwise 1 Field.
- PeopleSoft: If Primary Key-Field 1 is SETID then SETID plus 1 Field, otherwise 1 Field.

Pass 2: identifying relationships (PeopleSoft & J.D. Edwards EnterpriseOne only)

This is the same as Pass 1 but:

For J.D.Edwards EnterpriseOne: the requirement for there to be a corresponding join in the Business Views is dropped and instead only Parent tables with existing Child tables are considered.

For PeopleSoft: only Parent tables that were found as 'Child' tables in Pass 1 are considered as new potential 'Parents', and with only 1 level of difference between the Primary Key and potential Foreign Key attributes.

Pass 3: identifying relationships (PeopleSoft & J.D. Edwards EnterpriseOne only)

This is the same as Pass 2 but:

For J.D.Edwards EnterpriseOne: allows any order of the attributes in the Parent-to-Child Relationship.

For PeopleSoft Enterprise: no restriction on the number of levels of difference between the Primary Key and potential Foreign Key attributes.

Pass 4: 'Dimension' search (J.D. Edwards EnterpriseOne only)

A search is made for all Tables with just 1 Primary Key (typically those tables that would form the dimensions in a data warehouse).

Then a search for potential child tables is made by searching all tables for fields with the same Role Name as the potential Dimension-Master-Table Primary Key.

A relationship is then added only if the two tables being considered are used in the same 'Business View'.

Pass 5: 'Dimension' search (J.D. Edwards EnterpriseOne only)

A search for all Tables with just 1 Primary Key that are already part of an existing relationship is made (these will be based on relationships generated by previous passes).

Child tables are then selected in the same way as for pass 4, but the need for a join to exist in the Business View between the two tables being considered is replaced with a match between the first 3 letters of the two table names involved (for example F0111 and F0112 would be a match).

Pass 6: 'Dimension' search (J.D. Edwards EnterpriseOne only)

A search is made for all Tables with just 1 Primary Key and having an existing relationship (these will be based upon relationship generated by previous passes.)

A select of child tables is made, similar to in pass 4, but without the restriction on there needing to be a join in the Business Views for the two tables.

Influencing the Extended Relationship generation process for PeopleSoft and JDEdwards relationships

When inferring relationships for PeopleSoft Enterprise and JDEdwards, there are often circumstances where there is more than one potential 'parent' table for a relationship. Users can influence the relative importance of a table by making entries in the SafyrSettings.xlsx file (see Appendix B of the Safyr 'Getting Started Guide' for details of the SafyrSettings.xlsx file).

The worksheets 'PSoftRuleBasedRelationships' and 'JDEDRuleBasedRelationships' contain a column named ExtRelGenParent where a Table Name can be recorded. The generation rule is that if there is more than one potential Parent for a relationship, the inference process will use this list to help determine which to use.

Appendix C. Using an Excel spreadsheet to load Subject Areas

Details of an Excel spreadsheet structure that can be used to populate one or more Subject Areas

Safyr users may have lists of tables that they want to use as the basis for populating Subject Areas. A simple Excel structure is available with Safyr to enable such lists to be imported.

	А	В	С	D	E
1	#SubjectAreaProperti	es			
2	PropertyName	PropertyValue			
3	Name	Test1			
4	Туре	Replace			
5	Remark	Remark Test			
6					
7	#SubjectArealtems				
8	Table	View	SapBwCube	SapBwDso	SapBwQuery
9	/BIC/FZ*	/BI0/7CM*	0FIAP*	0TCT*	0TCTHP24*
10					
11					
12					
13					
	Subject	AreaTest1 SubjectA	reaTest1_Merge Si	🕂 : 🖣	

A sample of the Excel file format is provided in the Safyr Documentation folder.

Sample of Excel import format

When the Subject Area is created from the Excel sheet, the Subject Area Name and Description will be based upon the Name and Remark entered at the top of the sheet.

The 'Type' property can have values of 'Replace' or 'Merge'. A value of 'Replace' will mean that any existing Subject Area is replaced using the Excel sheet settings. A value of 'Merge' will result in an existing Subject Area being updated to include the new content from the Excel sheet.

Each Excel sheet will be implemented as a separate Subject Area.

The Table/View/SapBwCube/SapBwDso/SapBwQuery cells can be explicit names or wildcards.

Appendix D. Task Automation with Safyr

How to automate the main Safyr operations without user intervention

Many of the tasks that are typically required for regular usage of Safyr can be automated. These include:

Extraction from the source application (SAP, Salesforce....)

Creation of Subject Areas

Expansion of Subject Areas

Export of Subject Areas (only certain formats currently supported)

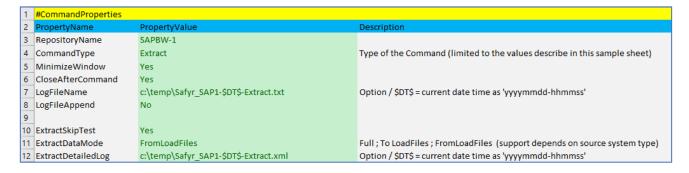
Full details of the options to achieve automation are described in the 'Safyr Task Automation Guide'.

Overview of the Safyr Automation Approach

Safyr uses an Excel file to record the settings required to run the tasks listed above 'unattended'.

Most of the options that would be entered or selected manually to achieve a task are recorded in the Excel file, and a Command line file is then used to execute Safyr, referencing the Excel sheet containing the options.

An example of an Excel definition is below.



The properties include the name of the Safyr Repository to use for the Extraction (in this case a SAP System), whether Safyr should be shut down after the Extraction completes, and the location of the Log file to be created to record details of the Extract.

An example of a Command file to use this Excel definition is below.

TASK AUTOMATION WITH SAFYR

In SafyrTaskAutomationSample.cmd - Notepad
Eile Edit Format View Help
echo off
cls
set SafyrExe="X:\DP_PRJ\Safyr\Prog\Safyr.exe"
echo SAP1-Extract is running %SafyrExe% /TaskAutomationFile="X:\DP_PRJ\Safyr\Docu\Manual\User\SafyrTaskAutomationSample.xlsx" /TaskAutomationCommand="SAP1-Extract" if %ERRORLEVEL% GEQ 1 goto :FinishWithError
echo SAP1-Subject Area Import is running %SafyrExe% /TaskAutomationFile="X:\DP_PRJ\Safyr\Docu\Manual\User\SafyrTaskAutomationSample.xlsx" /TaskAutomationCommand="SAP1-SubjectAreaImport" if %ERRORLEVEL% GEQ 1 goto :FinishWithError
echo SAP1-Subject Area Expand is running %SafyrExe% /TaskAutomationFile="X:\DP_PRJ\Safyr\Docu\Manual\User\SafyrTaskAutomationSample.xlsx" /TaskAutomationCommand="SAP1-SubjectAreaExpand" if %ERRORLEVEL% GEQ 1 goto :FinishWithError
echo SAP1-Export-JSON is running %SafyrExe% /TaskAutomationFile="X:\DP_PRJ\Safyr\Docu\Manual\User\SafyrTaskAutomationSample.xlsx" /TaskAutomationCommand="SAP1-Export-JSON" if %ERRORLEVEL% GEQ 1 goto :FinishWithError
goto FinishSuccessful
:FinishWithError
cho Something failed, please check the result logs
pause
rem force exit of higher level command calls
exit /B 1
:FinishSuccessful
:FinishSuccessful echo everything worked
echo everychiling worked pause
Pause exit /β θ

In this example, an extract from SAP is run, then a Subject Area is populated, followed by Expansion of the Subject Area, and finally an Export to JSON files is performed.

A sample Excel file and a sample Command file are provided with the Safyr and are available in the Safyr Documentation folder.

Requirements for Safyr Task Automation

When Safyr is run in this mode, it is still being executed as a Windows client application. The Command file can be Scheduled (e.g. using Windows Task Scheduler), providing the necessary resources are available to complete the task successfully. These include:

- The PC on which Safyr is installed must be started
- Any Databases or Systems accessed must be available
- The passwords stored in Safyr or in Registry settings must match those required to access the Source Application, database and/or Target export environment.

Full details of how to configure Safyr Task automation are described in the 'Safyr Task Automation Guide'.

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